OXFORD

Sthedition Baadway Elementary Workbook with key

Liz & John Soars
Jo McCaul

5th edition Headway

Elementary Workbook with key

Liz & John Soars • Jo McCaul

OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS

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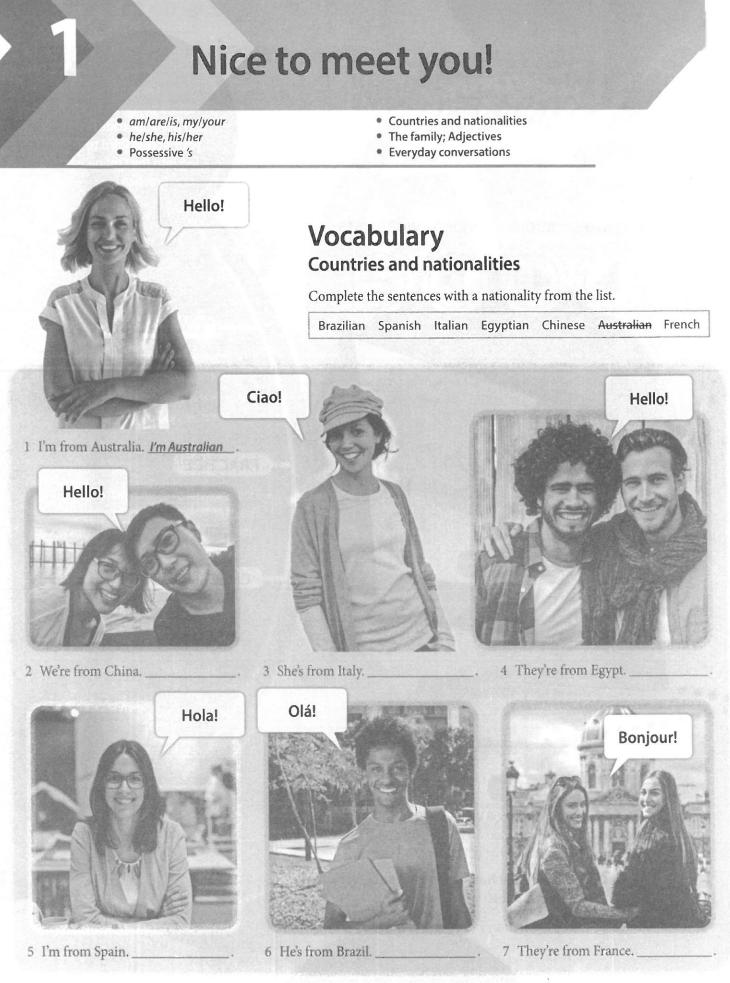
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12 ...



Grammar Personal information

am/are/is, my/your

1 Complete the conversations.



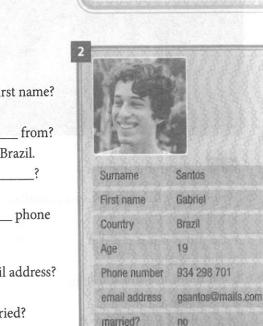
- 1 A Hello. <u>My</u> name's Lisa. What's ______name?
 - B Gabriel.
 - A Where _____ you from, Gabriel?
 - B I _____ from Brazil.
 - A Oh! Where in Brazil are _____ from?
 - B From Rio de Janeiro.
 - A Rio de Janeiro _____ amazing! Well, nice to meet you, Gabriel.
 - B Thank you. And you.



- 2 A Hello. What____ your first name?
 B My name's Carla.
 A And what's your ____?
 - B Perkins.
 - A How do you _____ that?
 - B P E R K I N S.
 - A And _____ are you from, Carla?
 - B I _____ from Oxford.
 - A Thank you very much.
- **11** Listen and check.

he/she, his/her

- **2** Look at the information about Carla and Gabriel. Complete the questions and answers.
 - 1 A What's <u>her</u> surname?
 - B Perkins.
 - A ______ her first name?
 - B Carla.
 - A Where's ______ from?
 - B She's from Oxford, England.
 - A How old ______ she?
 - **B** She's 25.
 - A What's ______ phone number?
 - **B** 01764 293880.
 - A ______ email address?
 - B cperkins@mailsnet.com
 - A _____ married? B No, _____.
 - D INO, _____



married?

- 2 A What's <u>his</u> surname?
 - B Santos.
 - A _____ his first name?
 - B Gabriel.
 - A Where's _____ from?
 - B He's _____ Brazil. A How old is _____?
 - **B** He's 19.
 - A What's _____ phone number?
 - **B** 934 298 701.
 - A ______ email address?
 - B gsantos@mails.com
 - A _____ married?
 - **B** No, _____.
- 1.2 Listen and check.

3 Write the short forms of the <u>underlined</u> verbs.

- 1 <u>She is</u> from Italy. <u>She's</u>
- 2 <u>She is not</u> a teacher. <u>She isn't</u>
- 3 <u>I am</u> American.
- 4 <u>I am not</u> married.

- 5 They are Spanish.
- 6 They are not French.
- 7 It is hot.
- 8 It is not cold.

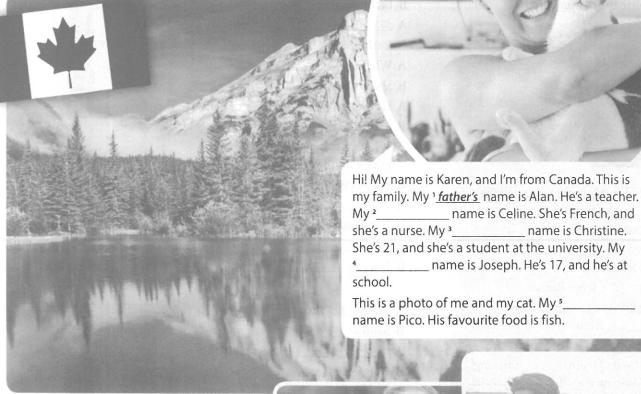
an 1	
Surname	Perkins
First name	Carla
Country	England
Age	25
Phone number	01764 29388
email address	cnerkins@mailsn

no

Possessive 's

Karen and her family

4 Complete the information about Karen Boucher and her family.



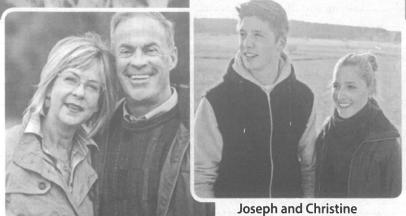
1.3 Listen and check.

- **5** Write *is* if $\dot{s} = is$. Write *P* if $\dot{s} = possessive$.
 - 1 My name's Karen. is
 - 2 My father's name is Alan. Ρ
 - 3 He's a teacher.
 - 4 My mother's name is Celine.
 - 5 She's French.
 - 6 My sister's a student.
 - 7 My brother's name is Joseph.
 - 8 My cat's favourite food is fish.

have/go/live/like

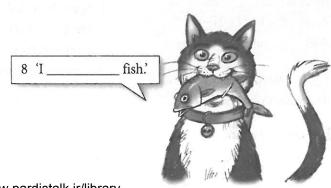
6 Complete the sentences with have, go, live, or like.

- 1 I *have* a brother and a sister.
- 2 I like them. They're very nice.
- 3 I ______ to a school called St Mary's.
- 4 I ______ in Vancouver.
- 5 We ______ in a house near a park.
- 6 I ______ to the park at the weekend.
- 7 I a cat called Pico.
- Unit 1 Nice to meet you! 8



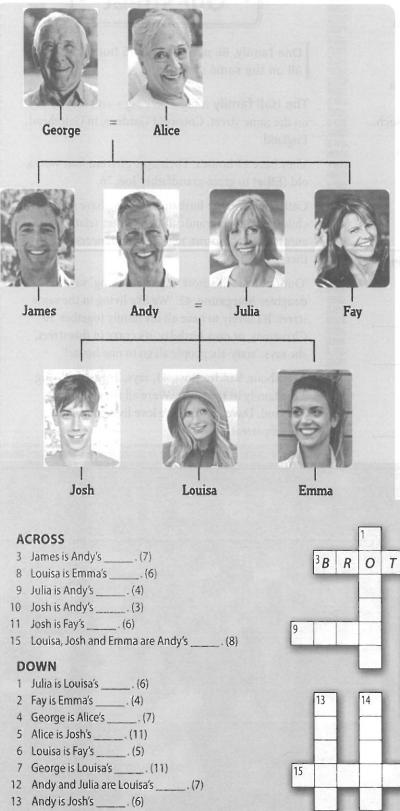
_____ name is Joseph. He's 17, and he's at

Celine and Alan



Vocabulary The family

1 Look at the family tree. Complete the crossword.



14 James is Louisa's ____. (5)

Adjectives and the structure of

2 Write the opposite adjective.

easy	small	cold	good	nice
exper	isive	young	old	

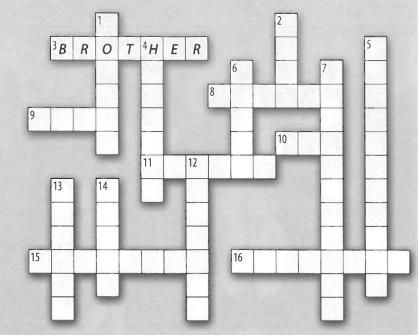
- 1 London isn't cheap. It's *expensive*.
- 2 My coffee isn't hot. It's <u>cold</u>.
- 3 'Are your shoes new?' 'No, they're _____
- 4 You aren't a bad student! You're a ______ student!
- 5 'My dad's 40. He's old.' 'He isn't old! Forty is ____
- 6 This exercise isn't difficult. It's _____.
- 7 Our flat isn't big. It's ____
- 8 The weather isn't horrible! It's ______.

3 Complete the adjectives.

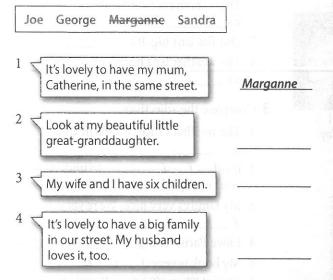
- 1 The weather's nice! It's warm and <u>s</u>_____.
- 2 It's <u>*d*</u> <u>*f*</u> <u>*i*</u> to understand you. You speak very fast.

.

- 3 My family's very nice. We're very <u>f_i_d_y</u>.
- 4 I love Paris. It's a <u>b t f l</u> city.
- 5 My book is very i t r g.
- 6 Mmm! The coffee is really good! It's <u>1</u> <u>v</u> <u>1</u>.



- 4 Read about the Hall family. Complete the sentences.
 - 1 <u>Sixty-six</u> members of the Hall family live on the same street.
 - 2 They have 15 _____.
 - 3 _____ is four weeks old.
 - 4 Joe is a great-grandfather. He's _____ years old.
 - 5 Catherine and George have six _____.
 - 6 Their daughter's name is _____.
 - 7 At Christmas, they all _____ to one house for a party.
 - 8 The neighbours _____ the Hall family very much.
- **5** (1.4) Read and listen to the lines below. Who is speaking?



One family, one street

1000

(1990) (

1000 1

0000 15

citizi di

100000

1000

1000

1968 B

inter state

Our street

One family, 66 people, and 15 houses – all on the same street!

The Hall family is big – very big – and they all live on the same street, Cotswold Gardens, in Gateshead, England. 8 050

10 1000

6 6553

Sec. 70

8 850

10 2002

1 000

8 ees

-

100

8 550

Ballins.

1 686

2 100

10 6553

6 6579

6 0002

They have 15 houses. Their ages go from four weeks old (Ellie) to great-grandfather Joe, 76.

Catherine and her husband, **George**, have 6 children, and 15 grandchildren. Other relatives – aunts, uncles, cousins, nephews, and nieces – all live there, too.

'Our family is the most important thing,' says daughter **Marganne**, 42. 'We like living in the same street. It's lovely to have all my family together. At Christmas, or on a birthday, it's crazy in this street,' she says. 'sixty-six people all go to one house!'

Neighbour, **Sandra** Ross, 41, says, 'It's great having a big family in the street. We're all friends.' Her husband, **Dave**, agrees. 'We love living in such a friendly street.'



Everyday English Everyday conversations

1 Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

how can school on help this sleep day

- 1 Good morning, Pete. <u>How</u> are you?
- 2 Bye, Mum! I'm going to _____!
- 3 _____ I have a cup of tea, please?
- 4 Have a good _____!
- 5 Hello. Can I _____ you?
- 6 Tony, ______ is Holly.
- 7 Bye! See you _____ Monday!
- 8 Goodnight! _____ well.

- 2 Match a line from exercise 1 with a response below.
 - 1 Hello, Holly. Nice to meet you.
 - 2 🗌 Thanks. And you.
 - 3 No, I'm fine, thanks.
 - 4 See you in the morning.
 - 5 Of course. Anything to eat?
 - 6 Yes. Have a good weekend.
 - 7 **1** Fine, thanks. And you?
 - 8 Bye, honey! See you later.

1.5 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the chart.

	Short form	Negative	Question
lam	ľm		Am I ?
You are		You aren't	
He/She is			Is he/she ?
We are	We're		
They are		They aren't	

2 Complete the sentences with a possessive adjective from the box.

my your his her our their their your

- 1 Hello! What's your name?
- 2 A Petel This is ______ sister, Alice.B Hi, Alice. Nice to meet you.
- 3 Anna is 23. _____ mother is a nurse.
- 4 All the students in my sister's class like ______ teacher.
- 5 Mr and Mrs Jones live here. _____ children are very nice.
- 6 Tom is married. ______ wife's name is Josie.
- 7 A Is this _____ phone?
 - B Yes, it is. Thank you.
- 8 My sister and I go to Spain in the summer because parents live in Barcelona.

C Go online to Check your progress.

Vocabulary

1 1.6 Match the sound of the letter with the sound of the word.

Α	Ε) Y	no	day	you	۱ n	ne
	I	U	Q	Ca	ar	Hi	my	bed
R	C	5 J	Z		tea	you	day	

2 117 Listen. Complete the names and email addresses.

1	ALI	CE	
2		<u>P</u>	
3	<u>L</u>		
4	Z	1	
5	<u>_n a</u>	@	com
6	i	<u> </u>	@bz.coi

3 Look at the chart below. Complete the sentences.

	American	car
	French	university
а	international	city
an	English	TV
	Japanese	name
	Italian	language

- 1 A Cadillac is an American car .
- 2 Pierre is _____.
- 3 Oxford is _____.
- 4 English is _____.
- 5 Milan is _____.
- 6 A Sony is _____



Present Simple (1); questions and negatives
Daily routines; verb + noun

- Jobs
- What time is it?

Grammar Present Simple (1)

he/she/it

1 Look at the photos. Write the sentences with the correct person.

He works outside.	She studies history.	He writes news stories.	She works in a hospital.
She cooks Italian food.	He travels a lot.	He serves drinks.	She wears a uniform.
She goes to classes every day.	He interviews people.	He lives in the country.	She works in a kitchen.



1 Alec's a flight attendant. *He serves drinks.*



2 Sarah's a nurse.



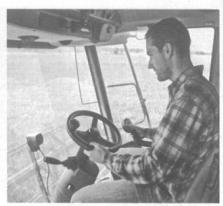
3 Simon's a journalist.



4 Diana's a chef.



5 Sophie's a student.



6 Martin's a farmer.

Spelling of verb + -s

2 Write the verbs in the *he/she* form.

1	teach	teaches	7	go	
2	live	Not	8	do	
3	work	69	9	study	
4	write		10	play	
5	earn		11	watch	
6	have		12	finish	

- 3 Complete the sentences with the *he/she* form of a verb from exercise **2**.
 - Alan is a footballer. He <u>earns</u> £100,000 a week.
 He ______ in the Premier League.
 - 2 **Robert** is a professor. He _____ European history, and at weekends he _____ articles for a magazine.
 - 3 Tony ______ at a petrol station. He ______ work at 10.00 in the evening.
 - 4 Martha ______ a lot of business in London. She ______ in a modern house 20 miles from the centre.
 - 5 Molly's married, and she ______ a daughter, Eva. Eva likes watching TV. She ______ crime dramas.
 - 6 Sally ______ to the gym every morning. In the evening, she ______ maths at college.

• 2.1 Listen and check.

Pronunciation of verb + -s

4 Write the verbs from exercise 2 in the correct column.

/s/	/z/	/1Z/
works	plays	teaches
	5-1613	
		1 Š
		anti a di 18 di

①2.2 Listen and check.

Questions and negatives

5 Complete the questions about **Leo** with question words from the box.



what where what time why who how how old how many

- 1 '*Where* does Leo work?' 'In an office.'
- 2 '_____ does he start work?' 'At 9.00.'
- 3 '_____ does he have for breakfast?' 'Coffee and toast.'
- 4 '_____ is he married to?'
- 5 '_____ does he get to work?' 'By bus.'
- 6 '_____ children does he have?'
- 7 '_____ is he?' 'Thirty-five.'
- 8 '_____ does he work so hard?' 'Because he needs the money!'

• 2.3 Listen and check.

Daily routines

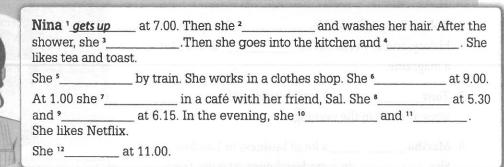
6 Look at the pictures of Nina's day. Complete the sentences with a verb in the correct form.

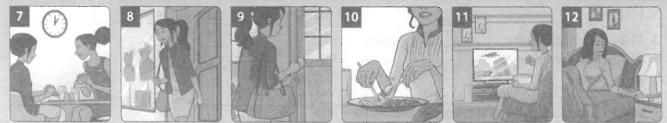
get up	have breakfast	have lunch	get home	start work	finish work
go to work	have a shower	watch TV	get dressed	have dinner	go to bed

• 2.4 Listen and check.









Questions

- 7 Look at the answers and complete the questions.
 - 1 *she / does / get* What time *does she get* up? At 7.00.
 - 2 have / does / she What ______ for breakfast? Tea and toast.
 - 3 *does / work / she* Where _____? In a clothes shop.
 - 4 *she / start / does* What time _____ work? At 9.00.
 - 5 *she / have / does* Where _____ lunch? In a café.
 - 6 do / she / does
 What ______ in the evening?
 She has dinner and watches TV.

Negatives

8 Correct the sentences about Nina.

- 1 Nina works in an office.
- She doesn't work in an office. She works in a clothes shop.
- 2 She has coffee for breakfast.
- 3 She starts work at 10.00.
- 4 She has lunch with her sister.
- 5 She watches sport on TV.
- 6 She goes to bed at 10.30.

Captain Cook Cruises

9 Complete the leaflet with the verbs from the box.

have watch drink eat stop

CAPTAIN COOK CRUISES

BEST

EVER!

See the sights of Sydney Harbour with Captain Cook Cruises. We ' have cruises running every day of the year, even Christmas day!

Our ferries ²_____ at a lot of famous places including Manly Beach, Taronga Zoo, and Shark Island. Go on one of our wonderful evening cruises. ³ a delicious dinner. ____ champagne and ⁵_____ the sun set.

10 Read about Dan the ferry man and complete the sentences.

- 1 Dan sometimes works in the evening.
- 2 He doesn't work on Mondays.
- 3 He ______ work at 6.45 a.m.
- 4 The cruise ______ two hours thirty minutes.
- 5 The ferries _____ very fast.
- 6 Dan \$140,000 a year.
- 7 Julia ______ at Taronga Zoo in Sydney.
- 8 They _____ on camping holidays. They go on cruises!
- 11 Complete the questions and answers.
 - 1 'How many days a week does Dan work?' 'He works four days a week.'
 - 2 '_____ Captain Cook ferries run on Christmas day?' 'Yes, _____.'
 - 3 '_____ does the first ferry leave in the morning?' '7.30.'
 - 4' _____ cruises _____ Dan do a day?' 'Three'
 - 5 '_____ he always finish work at 5.00 p.m.?' 'No, he _____. He sometimes works till midnight!'
 - does the cruise take?' 6 ' 'Two and a half hours.'
 - 7 '_____ Captain Cook ferries stop?' 'At lots of famous places in Sydney.'
 - 8 '____ Dan ____ fluent Chinese?' 'No, he _____. He only _____a little Chinese.'
 - 9 '_____ does he earn?' 'He earns \$140,000 a year.'
 - 10 '_____ do Dan and his wife do on holiday?' 'They _____ on cruises.'
 - 2.5 Listen and check.

Dan, the ferry man



Dan Baker is a ferry driver for Captain Cook Cruises in Australia. He drives ferries in Sydney Harbour.

He works four days a week. Sometimes he's free at the weekend, but he often works on Saturday and Sunday. These are very busy days because a lot of tourists want cruises then. He never works on Mondays. Captain Cook Cruises run 365 days a year, even on Christmas Day!

The first cruise leaves the harbour at 7 30 in the morning. Dan starts work at 6.45 a.m. and does three cruises a day. He finishes work at 5.00 p.m. Sometimes Dan does the evening cruises and then he doesn't start work until 5.30 p.m. and finishes at midnight. 'The evening cruises are very popular' says Dan, 'because people like to have dinner, watch the sunset and look at the stars with a glass of champagne'

The cruise

The cruise takes two hours thirty minutes. The ferry doesn't go fast because everyone wants to see the sights. It stops at a lot of famous places in Sydney, including Manly Beach and Taronga Zoo.

Dan meets people from all over the world. He speaks Spanish and a little Chinese.

He earns \$140,000 a year and he has 30 days' holiday. In his free time Dan likes walking his two dogs with his wife, Julia. Julia is a zoologist - she works at Taronga Zoo and often works at weekends, too. What do they do on holiday? 'We go on cruises. Julia and I love a cruise!' says Dan.



Lapram Cool: Crimites

Vocabulary

Jobs

1 Look at the pictures and write the job. Find the jobs in the wordsearch.



1 fireman















2 Complete the words with -or or -er.

- 1 football<u>er</u>
- 2 wait____
- 7 manag____
- 3 act____
- 4 hairdress_____
- 5 profess____
- 9 interpret____

8 police offic____

10 film direct

6 doct

D Τ Η Α A Q H Y ۷ γ 0 M X D Η Τ Ρ 1 D L 0 T S E V M 0 Ζ X(F R Ε М N 1 A Ζ J 1 T C T S S W Н N H A 1 R D R E E R J Ζ F Q B F G T B F X M M A 1 J X S S C U 0 R D N T L Ν G Т N N 0 S T 0 M Ε P A 1 M Ε E F D K X U Q L H W W N W R K H E K X D U U G V I A Y Y R B 0 E P F E E ٧ Y P U 0 C N R Κ D K Х R R T W C C W N Η L S E E R N A R C Η Τ C Т R B S R S G C R G 1 H U D Т 0 H 0 D E X Т W S U Η W W D F C B G G D R F F W T 0 U Н



Verb + noun

3 Write a verb from the box.

	watch speak			
wate	:h	TV		

- 2 ______a foreign language
- 3 _____ your hair
- 4 _____a uniform
- 5 _____ snooker
- 6 _____ a car
- 7 _____ two weeks' holiday
- 8 _____ a blog
- 9 _____ a lot of money
- 10 _____ the time
- 11 _____ the housework
 - _____ the dog

16 Unit 2 • Work and family life

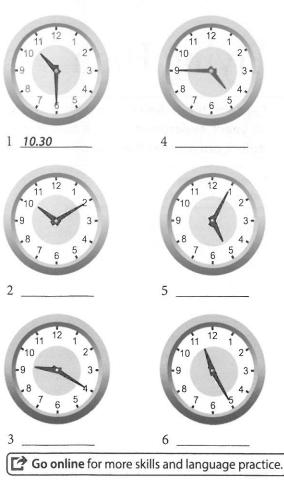
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Everyday English

What time is it?

- 1 2.6 <u>Underline</u> the times you hear.
 - 1 10.30 / 10.40
 - 2 2.15 / 2.50
 - 3 two o'clock / ten o'clock
 - 4 quarter past three / quarter to three
 - 5 half past eight / ten past eight
 - 6 ten to two / twenty to two
 - 7 six thirty / six twenty
 - 8 half past twelve / ten past twelve
- 2 (1)2.7 Listen and complete the conversations.
 - 1 A Excuse me! What time is it?
 - **B** It's ______ twenty past five.
 - 2 A Do you have the time, please?
 - B Yes, it's ten o'clock.
 - 3 A What time is it?
 - B It's _____ half past two.
- **3** Write the times in numbers.



REVIEW

Grammar

- 1 Complete the conversation with *is*, *has*, or *does*.
 - A My brother 'is very clever. He 2_____ a very important job.
 - B What 3_____ he do?
 - A He ⁴_____ a computer programmer.
 - B Where ^s_____ he work?
 - A He works in Virginia in the United States.
 - B Who ⁶ he work for?
 - A Microsoft.
 - B⁷ he married?
 - A Yes. His wife * ____ American.
 - B * he have any children?
 - A Yes, he ¹⁰_____ a three-year-old son.
- **2** Complete the sentences with the correct word.
 - 1 He works in a hospital. a work b works
 - 2 Rachel is a _____ a docter b doctor
 - work at 5.00. 3 Dave a finishes **b** finishs
 - 4 Rob doesn't _____ very much money. **b** earn a earns
 - 5 She's _____ architect. b a a an
 - 6 ' does he work?' 'In an office.' a Where **b** What
 - 7 'Where does he go _____ holiday?' 'France.' **b** on a in
 - 8 She _____ every day. a studys b studies

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

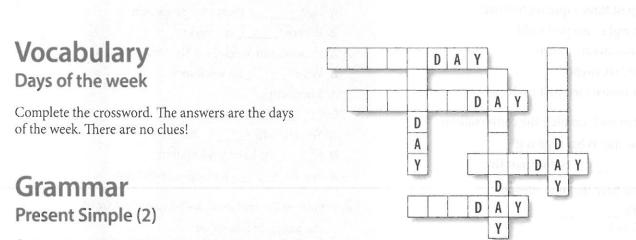
office goes clever	earns farmer ferry	beautiful delicious weekend	amazing has interesting	breakfast finishes writes
verbs		nouns	adjec	tives
earns		farmer	amaz	ring

Go online to Check your progress.

Time off!

- Present Simple (2)
 - How often ... ?
- Free time activities

- Days of the week
- Social expressions (1)



1 Read about Helen Walker. Complete the text with verbs from the boxes.



Flying High

Captain Helen Walker is a pilot with over 25 years' experience – and a collector of dolls from around the world!

 works comes flies doesn't have earns watch go

 Helen Walker is 49, and she '_______from Guildford in the south of England.

 She '_______for British Airways. She '________for British Airways. She '_______for British Airways. She '_______for British Airways. She '_______for British Airways. She '________for British Airways. She '_______for British Airways. She '_______for British Airways. She '_______for British Airways. She '_______for British Airways. She '________for British Airways. She '_________for British Airways. She '__________for British Airways. She '___________for British Airways. She '_____________for British Airways. She '___________for British Airways. She '____________for British Airways. She '____________for British Airways. She '____________for British Airways. She '_____________________________for British Airways. She '_______________________________

3.1 Listen and check.

- **2** Look at Helen's answers. Complete the questions.
 - 1 'Where <u>do</u> you <u>come</u> from?' 'I'm from Guildford.
 - 2 'Who _____ for?' 'I work for British Airways.'
 - 3 'What planes _____ you fly?' 'I fly 747s.'
 - 4 'Where _____ you _____ to?' 'I fly to New York.'
 - 5 'How much _____ you ____?' 'I earn £98,000.'
 - 6 'Where _____ you _____ shopping in New York?'

'I go to Fifth Avenue.'

- 7 'What ______ your husband _____?' 'He's an accountant.'
- 8 'How many dolls _____ you ____?' 'More than a hundred.'

3.2 Listen and check.

don't take love has have collects

She's married to Bill, who's an accountant, and they

_______three children. The children go to Sassoon
House School. 'I *______the children to school, Bill
does,' explains Helen, 'because I'm away so much.'
Helen has a hobby. She **______dolls from all over
the world. She **______ more than a hundred.
'I **______going to toy shops when I'm in another
country,' she says.



Negatives

- **3** Complete the sentences with *isn't*, *aren't*, *'m not*, *doesn't*, or *don't*.
 - 1 Helen Walker *isn't* a flight attendant. She's a pilot.
 - 2 She _____ work in an office. She works in a plane.
 - 3 'I ______ fly to Australia. I fly to New York.
 - 4 'There ______ a lot of parks in New York, just Central Park.'
 - 5 'My children _____ go to Clarence School. They go to Sassoon House School.'
 - 6 She ______ take the children to school. Bill does.
 - 7 'I ______ stay at home all the time. I go away a lot.'
 - 8 Helen _____ collect cars. She collects dolls.

More verbs in the Present Simple

4 Complete the sentences with a verb from the box.

love (x2) like want know have live prefer mean understand come

- 1 I have two sisters and a brother.
- 2 'What does this word 'expensive' _____? 'It means it costs a lot of money.'
- 3 I'm hungry! I ______ a sandwich!
- 4 Where do you _____ from?
- 5 When Kenji speaks to me in Japanese I don't
- 6 I _____ with my parents in a town called Chichibu.
- 7 'Do you _____ what time it is?' 'Yes. It's ten o'clock.'
- 8 'Do you _____ me?'
- 'Of course I _____ you. I want to marry you!'
- 9 'Do you like red or white wine best?'
 - ʻI _____ red.'
- 10 They _____ good food so they often go to restaurants.

How often?

Adverbs of frequency usually come before the main verb. She never goes out on Monday. They come after the verb to be. He's always late for work.

5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- 1 always / shower / morning / have / the / in / I / a *I always have a shower in the morning.*
- 2 sometimes / go / cinema / to / I / go / the

3 often / France / on / We / holiday / go / to

4 never / coffee / morning / drink / I / in / the

- 5 usually / 9.00 / work / I / start / at
- 6 late / is / often / Liz / for / school
- 7 dogs / my / always / hungry / are
- **6** Look at the chart about Harry. Complete the sentences using adverbs from the box.

sometimes never	always	of	ten	usua	ally
	tea for breakfast	go to work by bus	lunch with a friend	work late	go running
Monday	1	1	X	X	1
Tuesday	1	X	1		1
Wednesday	1	×	X	× × × ×	X
Thursday	1	1	1	X	×××
Friday	1	1	X	X	X
Saturday	1		X		1
Sunday	1		X		1

- 1 Harry always has tea for breakfast

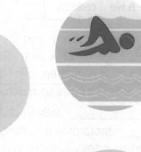
 2 He ______ goes to work by bus
- 3 He ______ lunch with a friend.
- 4 ______ late.
- 5 _____ running.

Vocabulary Free time activities

1 Match a line in **A** with a line in **B**.

A	B same to DVP E
1 We love films, so	a we sometimes go running.
2 My passion is food, so	b I buy books all the time.
3 I love jazz and blues, so	c <u>1</u> we often go to the cinema
4 We like doing exercise, so	
5 I love reading, so	e I listen to a lot of music.

- **2** Write *play* or *go* for each free time activity.
 - 1 <u>play</u> golf
 - 2 go swimming
 - 3 _____ running
 - 4 _____ windsurfing
 - 5 _____ computer games
 - 6 _____ guitar
 - 7 _____ cards
 - 8 _____ cycling
 - 9 _____ tennis
- 10 _____ skiing





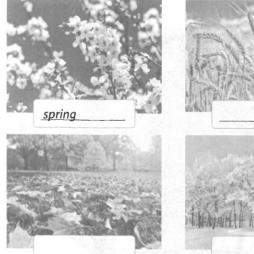






My favourite season

3 Write the seasons in the photos.





- 4 Read about Donna, Bjorn and Aroon. What is their favourite season?
- 5 Answer the questions about Donna, Bjorn and Aroon.
 - 1 Where does Donna often go?
 - 2 Who does Donna go sailing with?
 - 3 Where do they spend Christmas Day?
 - 4 Where is **Bjorn** from?
 - 5 What months are in the winter season?
 - 6 What does he love doing in spring?
 - 7 How many seasons are there in Thailand?
 - 8 When is the flower festival?
 - 9 What do Aroon and her friends do at the flower festival?
- 6 Read the texts again and put the verbs in the correct form, positive or negative.
 - 1 Donna doesn't come (come) from England. She often _____ (go) to the beach. She _____ (like) sunbathing.
 - 2 Aroon _____ (come) from the south of Thailand. She _ (come) from the north. She _____ (love) singing and dancing.
 - 3 Bjorn _____ (like) winter best. He _____ (like) spring.

Seasons round the world

Donna from Australia

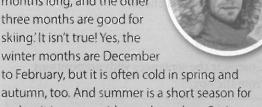
I like summer best. We cook and eat in the garden, and we often go to the beach. I don't like sunbathing, but I love water sports. I go surfing and waterskiing, and



I sometimes go sailing with my dad. Summer here is from December to February, so we always spend Christmas Day on the beach. My cousins in England think this is very funny. They think it's always warm and sunny here in Australia, but in July and August it's sometimes cold and wet.

Bjorn from Norway

Here's a joke about my country: 'Winter is nine months long, and the other three months are good for skiing.' It isn't true! Yes, the winter months are December



autumn, too. And summer is a short season for us, but it is warm, with very long days. Spring is my favourite season. It's the best time to go skiing. I love skiing down a snowy mountain very fast, under a beautiful blue sky. Sometimes you can still ski in June - isn't that amazing?!

Aroon from Thailand

I live in Chiang Mai in the north. We don't have four seasons here, we have three - hot, rainy, and cool. I like the cool season from November to February. It's



our 'winter', and it's cold at night, but it's quite hot in the daytime. In February, we have lots of beautiful tropical flowers - red, orange, and pink, so every year we have a wonderful flower festival. I go with my friends and we sing and dance - I love it!

Adjectives

7 Complete the conversations with an adjective from the box.

happy tired bored interesting hungry delicious thirsty busy

- 1 'I'm tired 'Go to bed, then'
- 2 'Mmm! This cake is _____.' 'Have another slice!'
- 3 'I'm _____.' 'Have a drink of water, then.'
- 4 'This TV programme is really _____.' 'Yes, I like it too.'
- 5 'I'm so _____! I passed my exam!' 'Well done!'
- 6 'I'm _____.' 'Have a sandwich, then.'
- 7 'Can you help me with my homework?' 'Sorry, I'm too ______ at the moment.'
- 8 'I'm _____!' 'Go for a walk! It's a lovely day.

3.3 Listen and check.

Prepositions

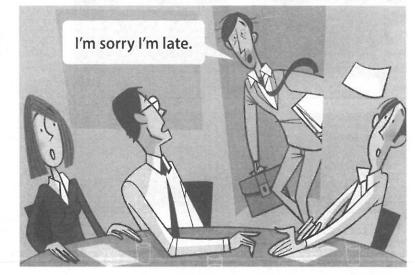
8 Complete the sentences with prepositions from the box.

to from by of on in with at for

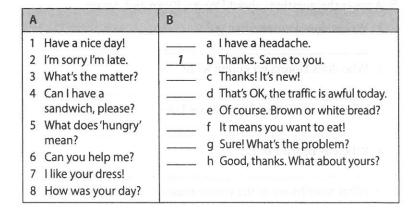
- 1 I come <u>from</u> Italy.
- 2 I go _____ work ____ bus.
- 3 I live _____ my parents _____ an apartment.
- 4 I like going ______ a walk ______ the park.
- 5 This is a photo _____ me _____ holiday _____ Spain.
- 6 My sister is married _____ an American.
- 7 I have a present _____ you.
- 8 I'm always happy _____ Friday.
- 9 I see my friends _____ 8.00 _____ Saturday evening.
- 10 We go skiing _____ winter.

Everyday English

Social expressions (1)



1 Match a line in **A** with a line in **B**.



2 Continue the conversation with a line from **C**.

С	
1	i See you this evening.
	j Well, take an aspirin.
	k Where did you buy it?
	I Brown, please.
	m Yes. It's always bad on a Monday morning.
	n l'm lost!
	o Good thanks.
	p l'm hungry!

(1) 3.4 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the chart.

	Positive	Negative	Questions
1	live	101 in the Product	souther that the
You		don't live	
He/She			Does he/she live?
We			
They			

2 Complete the sentences with am/is/are, or do/does.

A How many brothers and sisters 1 do you have?

B I have one brother and one sister.

A How old 2_____ your sister?

B Twenty.

A How old 3 you?

B I 4_____ eighteen.

A What ⁵_____ your sister do?

B She •_____a student.

3 Put the words in the correct order.

- 1 I / play / often / tennis *Loften play tennis.*
- 2 never / he / goes / to / bed / early
- 3 sometimes / she / late / works
- 4 always / I'm / hungry / in / the / morning
- 5 I / get / up / usually / at / seven o'clock
- 4 <u>Underline</u> the correct answer.
 - A Do you walk to school?
 B No, I comes / come by bus.
 - 2 A I like my job very much.B What *does you / do you* do?
 - 3 A Where do your friends live?B They live / they're live in a flat in town.
 - 4 A I leave the city at the weekend. B Where *does you / do you* go?
 - 5 A What does she like doing at the weekend?B She likes / She's like relaxing.

a/an or no article

5 EXTENSION Complete the sentences with *a/an* or nothing (-).

- 1 I have <u>a</u> shower in the morning.
- 2 I go to ____ work by ___ train.
- 3 My brother's wife is _____ French.
- 4 She works in _____ office.
- 5 Can I have ____ cup of coffee, please?
- 6 We go to _____ café for _____ lunch.
- 7 Where do you go on _____ holiday?
- 8 She's _____ singer in _____ band.
- 9 We stay at _____ home on Friday evening.
- 10 I go to _____ bed about 11.00.

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

swimming autumn February Sunday always Tuesday running winter surfing September sometimes March cycling Monday August summer often Saturday spring October never skiing Friday usually Wednesday playing tennis June

Seasons	Days of the week	Months	Activities	Adverbs of frequency
autumn	Sunday	February	swimming	always
		10. 20 A		
	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1			

Write the letters from the things in the parture next to the words

Goo	nline to	Cho	kvour	proc	roce
		gur			



Somewhere to live

- Rooms and furniture
- there is/there are
- Prepositions

- some/any/a lot of
- this and that, these and those
- Numbers and prices

Vocabulary Rooms and furniture

1 Look at the picture. Write the names of the rooms in 1–4.

living room kitchen bedroom bathroom



2 Write the letters from the things in the picture next to the words.

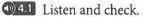


Grammar

there is/there are

1 Look at the advert for a house in Southwold. Complete the sentences with *There is/isn't* or *There are/aren't*.

- 1 *There are* four bedrooms in the house.
- 2 <u>There isn't</u> a dining room.
- 3 ______ an open plan kitchen/diner.
- 4 ______ an open fire in the living room.
- 5 _____ three bathrooms.
- 6 _____ no Sky TV.
- 7 _____ parking for two cars.
- 8 _____a garage.
- **2** Complete the conversation.
 - R Hi Miles! You know the seaside town, Southwold?
 ¹<u>Are there</u> any good restaurants there?
 - M Hi Rob. Yes, there are some excellent restaurants.
 - R Great! ²_____ any nice cafés and coffee shops too?
 - M Yes. ³_____ lots. My favourite coffee shop is in Southwold.
 - R 4_____a nice beach?
 - M Yes, ⁵_____ a beautiful beach. The children love the beach there.
 - R 6_____ any big shopping centres? My wife likes shopping.
 - M No, 7_____, but 8_____ lots of interesting shops.
 - R Oh good. ⁹_____ a pier?
 - M Yes, ¹⁰_____. Southwold Pier is famous!
 - R "_____a railway station?
 - M No, ¹²_____. We always drive to Southwold and ¹³_____ usually a lot of traffic.
 - **R** OK. Thanks for your help, Miles. I think Southwold is a good place to go on a family holiday.
 - M It's a great place!





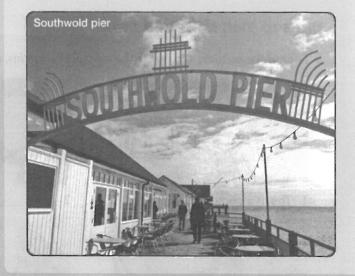
Seastones House

***** 35 reviews

Southwold, Suffolk

A family-friendly Victorian house close to the High Street and beach.

- four double bedrooms
- open plan kitchen/diner
- Iarge living room with open fire
- two bathrooms
- Iarge garden with BBQ
- TV (no Sky) and Wi-fi
- parking for two cars (no garage)
- 500 metres from the High Street lots of great cafés and restaurants, and lovely shops
- near Southwold's beautiful beach and pier





Prepositions

3 Look at the picture of Tracy in her new flat. Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

in (x2) on below next to opposite above near outside

- 1 There are a lot of books *in* a box.
- 2 There's a tree ______ the window.
- 3 There's a bird ______ the tree.
- 4 There are two shelves ______ the window.
- 5 There are some cups _____ the shelf.
- 6 There's a packet of biscuits ______ the cups.
- 7 There's a cooker ______ the window.
- 8 There's a cupboard ______ the cooker.
- 9 There's a kettle _____ the cooker.

some/any/a lot of

- **4** Now complete the dialogue with some, any, or a lot of.
 - 1 'Tracy has *a lot of* flowers.' "Tracy has <u>a lot of</u> flowers." "Yes, she does, but does she have <u>any</u> vases?"
 - 2 'Are there _____ glasses?' 'No, there aren't _____ glasses, but there are _____ cups on the shelf.
 - 3 'Does she have _____ plates?' 'Yes, she does. There are _____ plates in the cupboard.'
 - 4 'Does she have _____ cookbooks?' 'She has _____, but not many.'
 - 5 'Are there _____ pictures?' 'No, there aren't, but there are _____ lovely photos.'
 - 6 'Oh dear, there isn't _____ coffee left.' 'It's OK, there's _____ orange juice on the table!'
 - •) 4.2 Listen and check.

5 Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with *this*, *that*, *these* or *those*.



this and that, these and those

1 This is a photo of my kids.



4 I love _____ shoes!



2 I like picture.

5



____ are my children. www.pardistalk.ir/library



3 cake is delicious!



6 Can I have six of _____ oranges?

The White House

- 6 What do you know about the White House? <u>Underline</u> the correct answer.
 - 1 The White House is in New York / Washington DC.
 - 2 The White House is 200 / 300 years old.
 - 3 *The President lives / The President and his family live* in the White House.
 - 4 The White House is / isn't open to the public.
- 7 Now read the article and check your answers.
- 8 Read the article again. Are the sentences true (✓) or false (✗)? Correct the false sentences.
 - There are 35 bedrooms in the White House.
 X There aren't 35 bedrooms. There are 16.
 - 2 There's a fireplace in the Oval Office.
 - 3 The Oval Office has five windows.
 - 4 The desk is a gift from Queen Elizabeth.
 - 5 There are more kitchens than bathrooms in the White House.
 - 6 There are a lot of things for the President to do in his free time at the White House.

Short answers

- **9** Answer the questions about things in the White House.
 - 1 Is there a cinema? Yes, there is.
 - 2 Are there any bathrooms? Yes, there are a lot.
 - 3 Is there a swimming pool? _____
 - 4 Is there a beach? _____
 - 5 Are there any elevators? _____
 - 6 Is there a football pitch?
 - 7 Are there pictures of old presidents?
 - 8 Is there a bedroom called the King's Bedroom?

INSIDE THE WHITE HOUSE



The White House, 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington DC, is the most famous address in America. It is where the President works, but it is also his private home, where he lives with his family. He has children's birthday parties, holiday dinners, and family weddings in this world-famous building.

THE BUILDING

First built in 1800, the White House is where the President of the United States governs a country of 50 states and 324 million people.

He lives with his family on the second and third floors. There are 16 bedrooms, a living room, a kitchen, and a dining room. Special guests stay in the Queen's Bedroom or the Lincoln Bedroom.

In the West Wing are the staff offices. The President's own office,

the Oval Office, is also there. It has three large windows behind the President's desk, and there is a fireplace at the other end.

Each new president chooses new curtains, new furniture, and a new carpet. There are pictures of old presidents on the walls, and there is a famous desk, a gift from the British Queen Victoria.



THE WHITE HOUSE DAY BY DAY

About 150 people work for the President in the West Wing and for the First Lady in the East Wing. Another 100 people look after the building day and night. The White House is open to visitors. It is free. About 6,000 people a day visit.

There are 132 rooms, 35 bathrooms, and five kitchens, all on six floors. There are three elevators*. The State Dining Room is big enough for 140 guests.

Outside, there are gardens with not only flowers, but also fruit and vegetables. There is also a tennis court, a running track, and a swimming pool. Inside, there is a movie theatre*, a billiard room, a bowling alley, and a library. As former President Ronald Reagan said, 'The White House is like an 8-star hotel!'

*elevator (US) = lift *movie theatre (US) = cinema

Everyday English

Numbers

1 (1)) 4.3	Underline	the	numbers	you	hear.
------------	-----------	-----	---------	-----	-------

_					
a	15	50	e	160	260
b	7	70	f	810	820
с	68	86	g	1,000	2,000
d	20	30	h	1,500	15,000

2 Match a picture a–f with a number.





1512

One thousand, five hundred and twelve

thirteen

d _____

seventy-three



4 (1)4.5 <u>Underline</u> the amounts you hear.

a	£30	£50	e	€100	€1000
b	£10	£12	f	€58	€86
С	£5.50	£6.50	g	\$45	\$450
d	80p	18p	h	\$20	\$12

5 Write the prices of the objects in words.

1 <u>The jeans are fifty-five pounds.</u>





£39

3 • 4.4 Listen. Write the numbers you hear.

a <u>308</u> b _____

Unit 4 • Somewhere to live

a hundred and fifty

each H.

c _____

eighty-nine

one

e _____ f _____

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Go online for more skills and language practice.

28

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the chart.

Positive		
There	<u>is</u>	a sofa.
There	Ter	three bedrooms.
Negative	b Hevellen c	a How many
There		a bath.
There	aren't	any pictures.
Yes/No questi	ons	
	there	a table?
Are	there	any photos?

2 Complete the sentences with a word from the box. Each word can only be used once.

this that aren't any those a lot of these

- A 'How much is <u>this</u> book?'
 B 'It's £6.99'.
- 2 A 'Are there _____ pictures on the wall?' B 'No, there _____.'
- 3 A 'Look at all ______ stars in the sky? B 'They're beautiful!'
- 4 A 'Look at _____ picture over there. B 'It's horrible!'
- 5 'Mmmm! _____ cakes are delicious!'
- 6 'There are _____ apples on that tree.'
- 3 Complete the sentences with in, at, or on.

'Where are you?' 'I'm ...'

- 1 <u>in</u> the kitchen.
- 2 <u>on</u> the bus.
- 3 at school.
- 4 _____ the bank.
- 5 _____ work.
- 6 ____ the bath.
- 7 _____ the town centre.
- 8 ____ home.
- 9 _____ the train.
- 10 _____ Paris.

Vocabulary

1 <u>Underline</u> the word that is different.

1	wallet	kettle	purse
2	pavement	traffic lights	sofa
3	fruit	office	library
4	laptop	printer	diary
5	plate	mug	lipstick
6	towel	lamp	soap
7	key	shoe	coat
8	window	door	garden
9	tea pot	swimming pool	tennis court
10	clothes	flowers	vegetables

Adjectives for good and bad

2 Complete the sentences with the adjectives.

amazing awful

- 1 I'm sorry I'm late. The traffic's awful.
- 2 Your hair looks *amazing* ! I love it!

horrible lovely

- 3 It's so warm today. What a _____ day!
- 4 Rain again. What a _____ day!

fantastic bad

- 5 Monday is a _____ day for me three hours of English!
- 6 Rita has a _____ new flat. It's so big!

terrible fabulous

- 7 I like your shoes! They're _____
- 8 Don't go to that restaurant! The food's _

wonderful really bad

- 9 Your father isn't well? That's _____ news. I'm sorry to hear it.
- 10 You're getting married! That's _____ news! I'm so happy for you!

Go online to Check your progress.

Stop and check Units 1-4

Grammar

- 1 Choose the correct answer. (25 marks)
 - 1 '____'s your name?' 'Susanna.' a Who b What c How
 - 2 '_____do you spell your surname?' 'K-I-P-L-I-N.' a What b Who c How
 - 3 _____ Spanish I think he comes from Barcelona. a His b He's c He
 - 4 'Is he married?' 'Yes, he _____.' a does b has c is
 - 5 _____ you speak German? a Do **b** Are **c** Is
 - 6 'What's her job?' 'She's _____ engineer.' a the b an c a
 - 7 '____ do you go to the gym?' 'Three times a week.'
 - a How many b How much c How often
 - 8 _____ an Austrian wife. a He has b He's c His
 - 9 _____ brother's my uncle. **a** My father is **b** My father's **c** My father
 - 10 'Is that car ____?' 'No, it's his.' a your b your car c yours
 - 11 'Where _____ shopping?' 'In the town centre.'a have you gob do you goc are you go
 - 12 There _____ too many people at music festivals. a often is **b** are often **c** is often
 - 13 'Does Dana _____ to work?' 'No, she goes by train.'
 a walk b walks c she walk

- 14 '_____ does Sue earn?' 'The same as Tom.'a How many b How often c How much
- 15 She _____ tennis every weekend.a play b isn't play c doesn't play
- 16 My children hungry.a are alwaysb always arec always have
- 17 Sam _____ maths in the evenings. a study b studies c does study
- 18 Marco and Rita are really nice. _____ children go to my school.
 a His b Our c Their
- 19 '_____ any sugar in your tea?' 'No, I don't like sugar in tea.'
 a Is there b Are there c Have you
- 20 'Have some biscuits.' 'Thanks! I really like _____.' a it b them c some
- 21 It very hot here in summer. **a** has **b** does **c** is
- 22 That was a long walk! _____ thirsty. a I've b I'm c It's
- 23 We love films, so we _____ to the cinema. **a** often go **b** go often **c** are often
- 24 'Do you have _____ sisters?' 'No, I don't.' a no b some c any
- 25 Mari and Jo go to the beach a lot in the summer. They _____ swim well.
 a all b two c both

SCORE

25

Vocabulary

2 Complete the sentences with the correct word from the box. (15 marks)

January chef walk winter play autumn student summer farmer October teacher go do December flight attendant

- 1 The leaves fall off the trees in the _____.
- 2 Christmas is on the 25th of ______.
- 3 Jon works in a big kitchen. He's a _____
- 4 Alex studies Chinese at a large university. He's a
- 5 I love to sunbathe on the beach in the _____
- 6 I go skiing in the _____.
- 7 New Year's Day is on the 1st of ______.
- 8 I ______ tennis on Fridays after work.
- 9 Dora travels to a lot of countries. She's a _____
- 10 I ______ to the gym every morning at seven o'clock.
- 11 Halloween is on the 31st of _____.
- 12 I ______ the dog when I get home from work.
- 13 Tom works outside a lot. He's a _____
- 14 I ______ the housework at the weekend.
- 15 Anya works at a secondary school. She's a _____

3 <u>Underline</u> the word or phrase that is different. (15 marks)

1	sofa	table	chair	bedroom
2	cooker	fridge	kettle	bath
3	living room	bathroom	bed	kitchen
4	shelf	fruit	picture	poster
5	Cairo	Rome	Italy	Madrid
6	Paris	France	Egypt	Australia
7	Indian	Chinese	Swiss	Germany
8	daughter	son	parents	child
9	uncle	grandfather	nephew	sister
10	ladies	women	cities	parties
11	friendly	easy	boring	interesting
12	Saturday	Tuesday	September	Thursday
13	difficult	good	new	cheap
14	have breakfast	go to bed	get up	get dressed
15	sunbathing	swimming	going to work	reading

Everyday English

- 4 Complete the sentences with the correct words. (20 marks)
 - 1 A Good morning! ______ are you today?
 - B I'm fine, thanks. ____?
 - 2 A Hi. Can I _____ you?
 B No, thank you. We're _____ looking.
 - 3 A Hello. My name's Marta. I'm _____ Madrid.
 - B Hi, Marta. _____ to meet you.
 - 4 A Excuse me. Do you _____ the time? B Yes, of course. It's _____ after six.
 - 5 A Excuse me. What ______ does the supermarket close?
 - B Ten o'clock. You're OK. No need to
 - 6 A Excuse me! Can you _____ me? B Yes, of course. _____ the problem?
 - 7 A How was _____ day? B Great, thanks. And _____?
 - 8 A Can I close the window? It's really ______ in here.
 - **B** Sure. Good _____.
 - 9 A Bye! ______ a nice day! B Thanks. ______ to you.
- 10 A I like your coat. It's _____ nice.
 B Thank you. I'm _____ you like it. It's new.

SCORE 40

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31

Super U!

- can/can't
- was/were
- could/couldn't

- Verbs
- Noun + noun
- Polite requests

Grammar

can/can't

1 Look at the information. Complete the sentences with *can/can't* + verb.

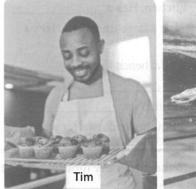
	Tim	Amy	Don	Cathy
play the guitar	1	X	X	1
speak two languages	1	1	1	X
bake cakes	1	1	1	1
do card tricks	X	X	×	X
ride a motorbike	X	X	1	X
swim	X	1	1	×

1 Tim <u>can play</u> the guitar, but he <u>can't</u> swim.

- 2 Tim _____ a motorbike and he _____ card tricks.
- 3 Don _____ cakes, but he _____ the guitar.
- 4 Amy and Don _____ two languages, but they _____ the guitar.
- 5 Cathy _____ a motorbike, and she _____ swim either.
- 6 Only Don_____
- 7 Everybody______.
- 8 Nobody_____

Pronunciation

- 2 **(1)** Listen and <u>underline</u> what you hear.
 - 1 Superman can / can't fly.
 - 2 My brother *can / can't* play the guitar.
 - 3 I can / can't ride a motorbike.
 - 4 Can / Can't you drive a car?
 - 5 My sister can / can't cook very well.
 - 6 Can / Can't you speak Chinese? I don't believe it!
 - 7 Dogs can / can't swim, but cats can / can't.
 - 8 Penguins can / can't fly.







3 Complete the conversations with *can/can't* and a verb from the box.

cook speak run ride do drive

- 1 '*Can* you *speak* French?' 'Yes, I *can* a little bit! Bonjour!'
- 2 '____ Peter ____ fast?' 'Yes, he ____. He's a 100-metre champion!'
- 3 '_____ Alice _____ Italian food?' 'Yes, she _____. Really well! Her spaghetti bolognese is amazing!'
- 4 '_____ you _____ a motorbike?' 'No, I _____, but I _____ a car.'
- 5 '_____ you _____ this homework?' 'Of course I _____! It isn't really difficult!'

5.2 Listen and check.

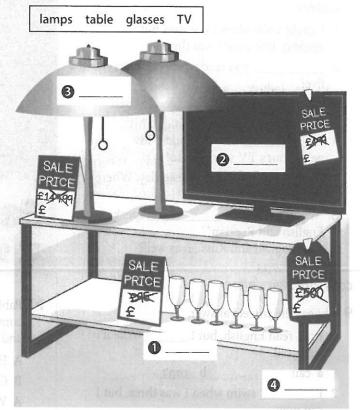
4 Rewrite the sentences with expressions from the box. **Was/were**

0%	1-30%	30-70%	70-80%	80%+
not at all	a little bit	quite well	very well	really well

- 1 She can play chess. (90%) She can play chess really well.
- 2 She can cook. (0%) She can't cook at all.
- 3 I can speak German. (40%)
- 4 He can speak Russian. (15%)
- 5 We can look after ourselves. (70%)
- 6 I can sing. (85%)
- 7 They can't ski. (0%)
- 8 I can understand Arabic. (10%)



5 Look at the things in the sale. Label 1–4 with the words from the box.



6 (1) 5.3 Listen. Write the prices on the labels.

- 7 Complete the conversations with was or were.
 - 1 A How much are those glasses?
 - B They're only £65 in the sale.
 - A How much were they before?
 - £95. B They_
 - A Wow! What a bargain!
 - 2 A How much is the TV?
 - B It's £379.99 now, but it _____ £499, so it's a really good price.
 - A OK. I'd like one, please!
 - 3 A Excuse me. How much are those lamps!
 - B They're in the sale. They ______£149.99, but now they're only £99.99!
 - 4 A Excuse me. How much is that table?
 - B It ______ £500, but now it's only £410 because it's in the sale. You save an amazing £90!
 - A Hmm. I really like it, but it's still too expensive.
 - (1) 5.3 Listen and check.

A Rewrite the sentences with expressions from regions of the sentences with expressions from the sentences with the sentences w

could/couldn't

- 8 Complete the sentences with *could* or *couldn't*.
 - 1 I <u>could</u> walk when I was one, but I <u>couldn't</u> talk until I was three.
 - 2 _____ you read when you were five?
 - 3 My daughter ______ feed herself until she was four.
 - 4 I ______ sleep last night. My neighbour's TV was so loud!
 - 5 I _____ find you yesterday. Where were you?
 - 6 'When I was five I ______ speak English and Russian.' '_____ you read English and Russian as well?'

can/can't/was/were

a can

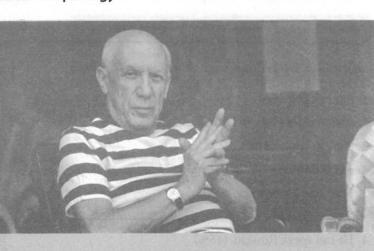
a can't

- **9** Choose the correct answer.
 - 1 I can read English, but I _____ write it very well.
 - b <u>can't</u>
 - 2 I _____ swim when I was three, but I can now.
 - a can't b couldn't
 - 3 What month _____ it last month?
 - a was b were
 - 4 I couldn't ski when I was three and I still

b couldn't

- 5 Sofia and Adam _____ at the party last night because they're on holiday.
 - a aren't b weren't
- 6 I _____ do the homework! Could you help me, please?

a can't **b** couldn't



Pablo Picasso 25 October 1881–8 April 1973

6 I can sing. (85%

- 10 Pablo Picasso was a child prodigy. Read and complete the conversation about him with *was/wasn't*, *were/weren't*, and *could*.
 - A Hey, look at that painting! It's a Picasso!
 - **B** Oh yes! It's amazing!
 - A Where 'was Picasso born?
 - B In Malaga.
 - A Ah! So he 2_____ Portuguese?
 - B No, he 3_____. He 4_____ Spanish. Malaga is in Spain.
 - A Of course! 5_____ his parents rich?
 - **B** Well, they ⁶_____ rich and they ⁷_____ poor. His father, Don José, ⁶______ a painter and a professor of art. His mother, Dona Maria, ⁹______ a housewife.
 - A So, 10_____ Picasso good at drawing when he 11_____ young?
 - **B** Oh, yes. He ¹² _____ a child prodigy. He ¹³ _____ draw before he could speak. His first word ¹⁴ _____ *lápiz*, which is Spanish for pencil.
 - A Wow! What a story.
 - •) 5.4 Listen and check.

Galileo, the father of modern science

- 11 Read about Galileo. <u>Underline</u> the correct answer.
 - 1 Galileo was born in Pisa / Rome.
 - 2 His father was a scientist / musician.
 - 3 He was a student / professor at the University of Pisa.
 - 4 He was the father to *three / four* children.
 - 5 His theory was the sun went round the Earth / the Earth went round the sun.
 - 6 He was at home / in prison when he died.
 - 7 In his final years, he couldn't see / hear.

12 Read the text again. Answer the questions.

1 What nationality was Galileo?

2 He was a physicist and a mathematician. What else was he?

- 3 When was he born?
- 4 Where was he a professor of mathematics and astronomy?
- 5 Was he married?
- 6 What could he see with his telescope?
- 7 Why did some people think his ideas were dangerous?

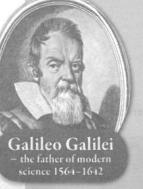
and/but/so/because

13 Look at these words that join sentences.

I like Pete *and* I like his wife. I like Pete, *but* I don't like his wife. John's ill, *so* he's in bed. He's in bed *because* he doesn't feel very well.

Join the sentences with and, but, so, or because.

- 1 I can't cook, <u>so</u> my husband does all the cooking.
- 2 Picasso's father was a painter _____ a professor of art.
- 3 Picasso couldn't speak very well when he was little, ______ he could draw well.
- 4 I work hard _____ I need to earn some extra money.
- 5 I wasn't very hungry this morning, _____ I didn't have breakfast.
- 6 Galileo was the father of three children, _____ he wasn't married to their mother.
- 7 I like Rachel ______ she's funny and she makes me laugh.
- 8 Galileo could see the planets Jupiter _____ Venus with his telescope.



Galileo Galilei was Gan Italian physicist, mathematician, astronomer, and philosopher. He was a brilliant scientist, and is often called 'the father of modern science'.

* PERSONAL LIFE **

Galileo was born in Pisa, Italy. He was the first of six children of Vincenzo Galilei and Giulia Ammannati. His father was a famous musician.

Galileo's early education was in a monastery. Later, at the University of Pisa, he was first a student of medicine, and then a student of mathematics. From 1592 to 1610 he was a professor of mathematics and astronomy at the University of Padua.

Galileo was the father of three children – two daughters and a son – but he wasn't married to their mother.

* SCIENTIFIC LIFE .

Galileo could make excellent telescopes, and with them he could see moons going round the planet Jupiter, and the planet Venus going round the sun.

At the time, the belief was that the Earth was the centre of our universe, and that the sun went round the Earth. Galileo's theory was that the sun was the centre, and the Earth moved round it.

the LAST YEARS out

The Roman Catholic Church wasn't happy with Galileo's ideas. They were dangerous, because they were different from the ideas in the Bible.

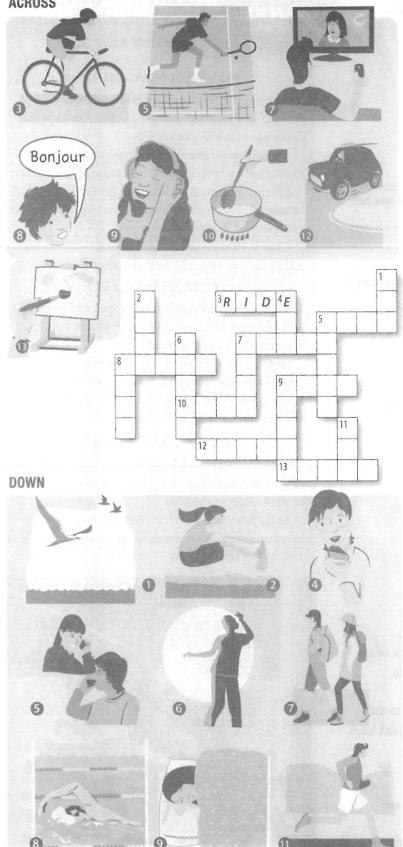
In the last years of his life, Galileo was completely blind, and couldn't see anything. He died in his home in Florence in 1642. He was 77 years old.



Vocabulary

Verbs

1 Do the crossword. All the answers are verbs. ACROSS



- **2** Complete the sentences with verbs from the crossword in the correct form.
 - 1 I can *speak* three languages.
 - 2 I always _____ TV in the evening.3 Julie _____ dinner every night for
 - her family.
 - 4 When I'm on holiday I always _____ in the sea.
 - 5 Mike ______ his bike to work because he likes the exercise.
 - 6 I'm a vegetarian. I _____ meat.
 - 7 I usually ______ for eight hours a night.8 Theo can ______ the guitar really well.

Noun + noun

- **3** Answer the questions with a noun + noun combination from the Student's Book page 56.
 - 1 'Where do trains stop?'
 - 'At a railway station
 - 2 'Where can you buy petrol?'
 - 'At a _____?
 - 3 'What do you wear when it's a sunny day?' 1
 - 4 'Where can you drive fast between one city and another?' 'On a ______.'
 - 5 'Where does a woman usually carry her purse, phone, keys ... ?' 'In her_____
 - 6 'Where do you wait for a bus?'
 - 'At a 7 'Where can you park your car?'
 - 'In a _____.
 - 8 'What do we call a woman who works in business?'
 - Ά_____
 - 9 'What are the lights in the street that say 'Stop' and 'Go'?'
 - 10 'Where can you buy a book?' 'In a _____

Everyday English Polite requests

Look at the pictures. Complete the conversations with the words and phrases from the boxes.

ask

tell me what

_ask you

borrow the car

1 could you of course Can I A Hi! <u>Can I</u> help you? **B** A coffee, please. A Espresso? Cappuccino? Latte? B An espresso, please. And __ give me some hot water as well? could you of course could I 2

D_____. What is it?

D Yellow is a colour. The sun's vellow.

C Excuse me!

C

3

E Jamie!

G Dad.

a favour?

F What's

F Uh huh. What is it?

F OK. Let's have a look.

tonight?

H Is that lend or give?

•)) 5.5 Listen and check.

G I'll pay you back. I promise.

you a question?

'yellow' means?

Butter is yellow.

C Ah, OK! Thanks.

the problem could you can I

E _____help me with my computer?

E I can't get online.

can you could I can I have

H Mm ... all right. But it needs petrol. G OK. Er ... Dad, I don't have any money. _____ lend me some?

_____ twenty pounds?

C Go online for more skills and language practice.









REVIEW Grammar

Underline the correct sentence.

- 1 a I don't can use a computer.
 - b I can't use a computer.
- 2 a She can't speak English.
- b She no can speak English.
- 3 a Do you can play chess?
 - b Can you play chess?
- 4 a They was on holiday in Spain.
 - b They were on holiday in Spain.
- 5 a He can't cook at all.
 - b He can cook at all.
- 6 a She can play the piano when she was five.
 - **b** She could play the piano when she was five.

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

a bike a marathon your homework the guitar a text an exam a mile an email dinner the piano a horse a motorbike football a race a letter a cake housework chess a noise cards

ride	run	send
a bike	a mile	a letter
make		play
a noise	housework	cards

C Go online to Check your progress.









Lessons in life

- Past Simple (1): regular and irregular verbs
- Past time expressions

Describing feelings: -ed/-ing adjectives
What's the date?

Grammar Past Simple (1) Regular verbs

1 Read about the footballer Lionel Messi. Complete the sentences with a verb from the box in the Past Simple.



Lionel Messi was born on 24 June 1987. As a child, he <u>lived</u> in Rosario, Argentina. Messi always ² playing football with his brothers and their friends. He was a brilliant player, and ³ playing for Rosario's youth club in 1995.	start live love
Messi * very small for an 8-year-old boy – too small. He * medicine to help him grow, but it was very expensive. Messi's father, Jorge, * in a factory, and couldn't pay for it all himself.	look work need
In 2000, the Spanish club FC Barcelona saw Messi play and ² him to join their youth team. The club [*] to pay for his medicine, and Messi and all his family [*] to Spain.	move ask offer
Messi was homesick and ¹⁰ Argentina, but when he joined the Barcelona first team, aged 17, and ¹¹ a lot of goals, he was happy. In 2009 he ¹² his first FIFA award <i>The Best FIFA Men's Player Award</i> . He is often called the best player in history.	score receive miss

- 2 Look at the answers about Lionel Messi. Complete the questions.
 - 1 'Where <u>did Messi live</u>?' 'In Rosario, Argentina.'
 - 2 'What ______ doing?' 'Playing football with his brothers and their friends.'
 - 3 'When _____ playing for Rosario's youth club?' ' In 1995.'
 - 4 'Where ______ his father _____?'
 - 5 'Why _____ expensive medicine?''To help him grow.'
 - 6 'When _____ his first award for best men's player?' 'In 2009.'

•) 6.1 Listen and check.

Negatives

3 Complete the sentences about Messi with a verb from the box.

live	stay	work	look	play

- 1 Messi *didn't live* in Buenos Aires.
- 2 He ______ football with his sisters.
- 3 He _____ very tall.
- 4 His father _____ in a bank.
- 5 All Messi's family moved to Spain. They _____ in Argentina.

Pronunciation of -ed

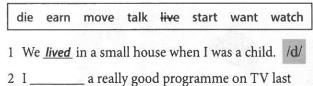
4 (1)6.2 Listen to the pronunciation of *-ed* for these Past Simple verbs. Write them in the correct column.

lived	decided	played	offered	missed
started	moved	agreed	looked	needed
scored	received	watched	liked	stayed
stopped	opened	talked	travelled	died
enjoyed	worked	visited		

/1/				/d/				//id	l/		
mi	issed	î.	2	lived	1	- 6	-	de	cide	d	-2
			3					3			
			12					18			
			\mathbb{R}^{2}					5]			
			1					0			q

6.3 Listen and check.

5 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple form of the verbs in the box.



- night. /t/
- 3 We _____ out of London because it was too busy. /d/
- 4 We all ______ a large pizza because we were so hungry. /Id/
- 5 I ______ a new job last Monday. I love it! /1d/
- 6 He ______ a lot of money last year, so he has a big tax bill! /d/
- 7 She ______ a lot about her childhood in Australia. /t/
- 8 My grandfather _____ in 2012. /d/
- 6.4 Listen, check and repeat.

Past time expressions

6 <u>Underline</u> the correct past time expression.

- 1 I watched TV last night / last evening.
- 2 I played tennis yesterday afternoon / last afternoon.
- 3 My sister moved to Australia the last year / last year.
- 4 I worked very hard last week / in last week.
- 5 My parents visited yesterday evening / last evening.
- 6 I travelled round the US last summer / past summer.
- 7 I walked 30 kilometres on last Friday / last Friday.
- 8 I cycled to work yesterday morning / last morning.
- **7** Number the times in order, 1–7, with 1 nearest to now.
 - _____ this morning
 - _____ last winter
 - 1 two minutes ago
 - _____ in 1996
 - _____ the day before yesterday
 - _____ yesterday evening
 - _____ ten years ago

the or no article

8 EXTENSION Complete the sentences with *the* or – (no article).

- 1 What's the name of this hotel?
- 2 I go to ____ work by ___ bus.
- 3 Can you tell me _____ time?
- 4 I live in _____ city centre.
- 5 What time do you have _____ lunch?
- 6 I went to _____ cinema last night.
- 7 This is _____ best restaurant in _____ world!
- 8 I have a house in _____ country.
- 9 I saw James last _____ month.
- 10 Can you play _____ guitar?
- 11 The Cup Final is on _____ TV this afternoon.
- 12 Their flat is on _____ first floor.

Irregular verbs 9 What is the Past Simple form of the irregular verbs? S D C E X M N T Z 1 T 0 Find them in the wordsearch. 0 B X L send spend give become fly lose write pay X S G R A T R T M 0 0 K G R see leave have come go catch win begin G D E A E Ν T E E N F S T M Ν C Ν T B cost make meet S F S T 0 Z 10 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple form of an F M E 0 Т W irregular verb. K D 0 Ρ R 1 I didn't go to New York, I went to Chicago. E G Т 0 R I 2 We didn't meet Tom, we _____ Harry. 3 He didn't leave last week, he _____ yesterday. A D W Ε L F B D G M 1 W 4 We didn't see a film, we ______ a play. 5 I didn't buy a TV, I _____ a laptop. 6 He didn't send a letter, he _____ an email. 7 She didn't make spaghetti, she _____ pizza. 8 We didn't have white wine, we _____ red.

11 Read the text. Put the irregular form of the verb in brackets into the Past Simple.

One of the best wedding proposals!

On 23 May, a few years ago, **Isaac Lamb**, a young man from Oregon, US, <u>made</u> (make) an amazing video of his wedding proposal to his girlfriend. It <u>(go)</u> viral on the Internet and <u>(become)</u> one of YouTube's most popular videos, with over 26 million views!



Lamb, an actor and director, asked more than sixty friends and family to help him make the video. They all 4

(*sing*) **Bruno Mars'**, *Marry you*, together as Isaac asked his girlfriend, Amy Frankel, to marry him. Bruno Mars <u>5</u> (*see*) the video and said it was perfect for his song.

t was Isaac's grandmot	her who •	(<i>tell</i>) him to
marry Amy, after she '_		et) her for the first
time, but it ⁸	(take) Isaac thi	ree years to propose.
They finally ⁹	(get) married	I two years later. It
was a big wedding bed	ause they 10	(have) lots
of friends and family to	invite, including a	all the people in the
video. They 11	(send) an in	vitation to Bruno
Mars, but he 12	(can not) c	come because he
was too busy.		

6.5 Listen and check.

The life of John Lennon

- 12 Read about John Lennon. Complete the sentences.
 - 1 John's father left home when he was five .
 - 2 His mother died when
 - 3 He started The Beatles with Paul and George in
 - 4 The Beatles played more than
 - 5 The last album they made was
 - 6 The Beatles broke up in _____
 - 7 John and Yoko lived in an apartment near
- 13 Look at the answers about John and The Beatles. Complete the questions.
 - 1 'Who did John live with?' 'He lived with his aunt, Mimi.'
 - 2 'How_____ his mother ?' 'She died in a car accident.'
 - 3 'Where _____ John _____ to school?' 'He went to Quarry Bank High School in Liverpool.'
 - 4 'When _____ The Beatles ____ ?' 'They started in 1960.'
 - 5 'When _____ they first _____ to the United States?' 'In 1964.'
 - 6 'Why _____ they _____ playing live concerts?' 'Because the audience made too much noise.'
 - 7 'Who_____ John in 1969?' 'Yoko Ono.'
 - 8 'Where they to?' 'New York.'
 - 9 'When ____ John and Yoko _____ Imagine?' 'In 1971.'
 - 10 'Where _____ Mark Chapman ___ John Lennon?' 'Outside John's apartment.'

(1) 6.6 Listen and check.



LENNON 1940-1980



John Lennon was a member of a band called The Beatles. With Paul McCartney, he wrote some of the greatest songs of the 20th century.

John Lennon had an unhappy childhood. His father left home when he was five. His mother couldn't bring him up, so John lived with his aunt

Mimi until he was 19. When he was 17, his mother died in a car crash. He went to Quarry Bank High School in Liverpool. He met George Harrison and Paul McCartney, and in 1960 they started a band called The Beatles.

The Beatles recorded their first single Love Me Do in 1962. They became famous in 1963, when they played more than 200 concerts. In 1964, they went to the United States for the first time and played on American television.

No more concerts

The Beatles stopped playing live concerts in 1966 because the audience made so much noise that nobody could hear the music. They continued to record songs, and in 1967 they made the album Sgt. Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band. The last album they recorded together was Abbey Road.

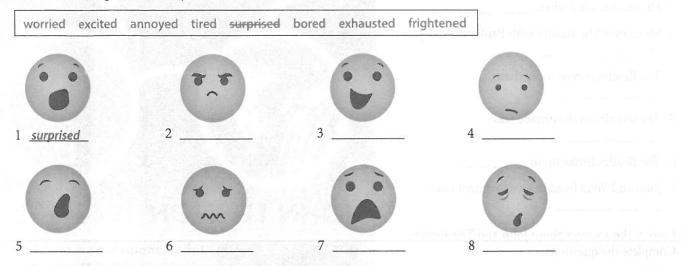
John Lennon married the artist, Yoko Ono, in 1969, and in 1970 The Beatles broke up. John and Yoko moved to New York. John wrote and sang his most famous song Imagine in 1971. In 1980, he and Yoko recorded a new album, Double Fantasy.

He was killed a month later. An American, Mark Chapman, shot him outside John's New York apartment near Central Park. Two days before his murder, John Lennon told an interviewer, 'I feel safe in New York. I can go anywhere. It's my home."

Vocabulary Describing feelings

1 Match the feeling with its emoji.

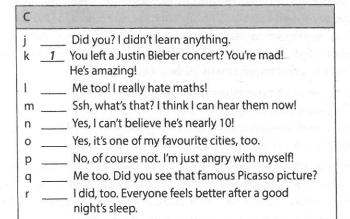
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2 Match a line in A with a line from B.

A		В		
1 2	The concert was boring I was very tired	а_	stat. Noice	because it's his birthday soon.
3	Billy is very excited	b_		'Are you angry with me?'
4	I'm interested in	c_	1	so I left before the end.
	modern art	d	10	so I went to bed early.
	'What's the matter?'	e	ârt ^a h	There's so much to see
6	I'm worried because	3		and do.
7	it's 10 p.m. I was so bored in	f_	24	so I loved the exhibition.
/	the lesson.	g.		and the children aren't
8		ipes.		home yet.
Ť	exciting city.	h_	20	I learned a lot.
9	The lecture was	j .	-12-	I didn't understand
	very interesting.	1.10		a word.

3 Continue the conversation with a line from C.



•) 6.7 Listen and check.

4 Complete the sentences using each adjective once.

interesting interested

- 1 I like The Times because it's an *interesting* newspaper.
- 2 I don't want to watch the football. I'm not <u>interested</u>.

bored boring

- 3 You look _____. Don't you like opera?
- 4 I hate politicians! They're so _____!

excited exciting

- 5 Hooray! We're on holiday! I'm so _____!
- 6 Our holiday was so _____. I learned how to ski.

annoyed annoying

- 7 She eats with her mouth open. It's very
- 8 I get very _____ when people don't say 'Please' or 'Thank you'.

worried worrying

- 9 The news is very _____. It's all about war.
- 10 I'm ______ about my exams next week.

exhausted exhausting

- 11 I feel ______. I got up at 6 a.m. today!
- 12 We had to walk 10 km today. It was _____.

Everyday English What's the date?

1 Match the numbers and words.

2nd	fifth	
25th	tenth	
10th \	first	
1st	third	
19th	ninth	
30th	second	
3rd	twenty-fifth	
9th	twelfth	
5th	nineteenth	
12th	thirtieth	

2 (1)6.8 Listen. Write the dates you hear.

2 April 1998	1999 - 1999 -
	180
-1.025	
an Nedderker	ndal an
i men ant bittar	report dos
The Carlot of the	in administra

- **3** Write the dates in a different way.
 - 1 the first of January January the first

2 the tenth of March

- 3 the fifteenth of May
- 4 the second of June
- 5 July the fourteenth
- 6 August the third
- 7 September the eighth
- 8 November the fifth

C Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

Irregular verbs

1 Complete the chart with the verbs from the box. Write the Past Simple forms.

begin start visit write leave buy do see enjoy go take paint have travel come stay meet talk ask live stop play

Regular verbs		Irregular verbs		
Infinitive start	Past Simple started	Infinitive begin	Past Simple began	
		he verbs in brack		
		n intel and been an		
		do feel leave		
		ox-Johnston firs		

do/does/did/didn't/was/were/had

- 2 Complete the conversation with do, does, did, didn't, was, were, or had.
 - A Where 'were you at school?
 - B I²______at school in Manchester.
 - A ³_____ you like it?
 - B Not really. I 4_____ enjoy it very much.
 - A ^s_____ you a good student?
 - B Well, I •_____ everything the teachers asked me to do, but I ⁷ like them.
 - A Why not? *_____ they not very nice?
 - **B** Two of them were OK, but I ⁹_____ horrible teachers for some subjects.
 - A ¹⁶_____ you enjoy the sixth form?
 - B Yes, that was better. I "_____ quite a good time in my last two years.
 - A What school ¹²_____ your children go to?
 - **B** I only have one child a daughter. She goes to the local school.
 - A ¹³______ she like it?
 - B Yes, she's very happy there, thank goodness!

Go online to Check your progress.



Remember when ...

- Past Simple (2): regular and irregular verbs
 Time expressions: *in*, *at*, *on*, *ago*
- Adverbs: regular and irregular
- Special occasions

Grammar

Past Simple (2) Regular and irregular verbs

- 1 Look at the photos. What is the 'Clipper Race'?
- **2** Read the text. Put the verbs in brackets in the Past Simple.
- **3** Look at the questions and answers about Robin Knox-Johnston's Clipper Race. Complete the questions with the verbs from the box.

arrive sail start do feel leave take think

1 A When <u>did</u> Knox-Johnston first <u>sail</u> solo round the world?

B In 1969.

- 2 A How long _____ the journey _____ him?
 - **B** Over ten months.
- 3 A When _____ the Clipper Race _____ B In 1996.
- 4 A Which town _____ the eight yachts _____ from?

B Plymouth.

- 5 A When _____ the winning yacht _____ back in Plymouth?
 - **B** Nearly a year later.
- 6 A How _____ the crew members _____ at the end of the race?
 - **B** Very tired.
- 7 A When ______ the lorry driver, Bob Baker ______ the Clipper Race?
 - **B** A few years ago.
- 8 A What _____ Bob _____ before he did the race?
 - **B** That yachting was a rich man's sport.
- 7.1 Listen and check.

It started over 20 years ago and is the world's longest and hardest sailing challenge.

How did it start?

In 1969, the Englishman Sir Robin Knox-Johnston <u>became</u> (become) the first person to sail solo, non-stop round the world. It <u>______(take)</u> him over 10 months. In the years after this amazing achievement, Sir Robin <u>______(want)</u> more people to learn to sail, so he <u>______(start)</u> the famous Clipper Round the World Yacht Race.

40.000 miles round the world in a vach

The first race

The first race ⁵______ (be) in 1996, with eight 60foot yachts. On 16 October they all ⁶______ (leave) Plymouth, England and ⁷______ (begin) their long journey across the oceans. The route included the Galapagos, Hawaii and the Azores. The winning yacht, called Arial, finally ⁸______ (arrive) back in Plymouth nearly one year later, on 14 September 1997. The crew members ⁹______ (feel) completely exhausted. 'We rarely ¹⁰______ (sleep) properly,' said crew member, Elizabeth Bluck. 'It was very cold, very wet, and very exciting.'

The race today

The interest in extreme sports and adventure challenges continues to grow. It's expensive to take part in the Clipper Race, but it's very popular. This is because all kinds of people want a new and special challenge in their lives. Last year nearly 20,000 people ¹¹______ (*apply*) to do it. Bob Baker, a lorry driver who ¹²______ (*do*) it a few years ago, said, 'I always ¹³______ (*think*) that yachting was a rich man's sport, but it's not at all'.

Negatives

- **4** Read the first line about the race and Knox-Johnston. Correct each line, using the prompts to write two sentences.
 - 1 The Clipper Race started in 1998.

(It / not start / in 1998 / It / start 1996)

It didn't start in 1998. It started in 1996.

2 The first race left from Southampton.

(It / not leave / from Southampton / It / leave from Plymouth)

3 The crew members in the first race were all men.

(They / not be / all men / There / be / women too.)

4 Knox-Johnston sailed to South Africa.

(He / not sail / South Africa / He / not have / enough money)

5 He met his wife when he was eighteen.

(He / not meet his wife / when / he / be / eighteen / He / meet her / when / he / be / eight)

6 He had two children.

(He / not have / two children / He / just have / one daughter)

7 He won £6000 prize money in his first race.

(He / not win £6,000 / He win / £5,000)

8 He won his second solo round the world race in 2007.

(He / not win / his second solo race / He / come / fourth)

Questions

5 Match a question word in A with an answer in B.

A	B	
1 When?	a A san	ndwich.
2 Why?	b <u>1</u> Last S	Sunday.
3 Who?	c Myu	ncle David.
4 What so	ort? d In Pai	ris.
5 Where?	e 16.	
6 How old	d? f Beca	use I wanted to
7 How?	g 30.	
8 What tir	me? h A Me	ercedes.
9 What?	i 9.30	a.m.
10 How ma	any? j3hou	urs.
11 How mi	uch? k \$45	
12 How lor	ng? I Bypl	lane.

- 6 Put the words in the correct order to make questions.
 - 1 school / did / When / start / you / ?
 - A When did you start school?

B When I was five.

2 morning / you / time / get / up / What / this / did / ? A ______

B At seven o'clock.

- 3 dinner / night / have / What / you / last / for / did / ? A
 - B Chicken curry.
- 4 did / today / you / How / travel / here / ?
 - A _____

B By train.

- 5 it / long / How / take / did / ?
 - A _____

B An hour.

6 was / Who / the / yesterday / with / girl / saw / I / you / ?

A _____ B My sister!

Α

7 did / go / home / Why / you / early / ?

B Because I felt sick.

8 phone / much / How / cost / did / your / ?

A _____ B £300.

1)7.2 Listen and check.

7 Complete the questions in the conversation.



- 1 A We went out for dinner last night.
 - B Lovely! 'Where did you go?
 - A Tabure. It's a new Turkish restaurant in town.
 - B²_____like it?
 - A Yes, we did. We had a great meal.
 - B What 3_____?
 - A I had beef koftas with a green salad.
 - B 4_____expensive?
 - A No, not really. £20. That's not too bad, is it?



- 2 A We went to Alison's wedding last week. B Where ' ?
 - A It was in Scotland.
 - B²______ people were there?
 - A A lot! There were about 150.
 - B What 3_____?
 - A She wore a lovely white dress. She looked beautiful!
 - B 4_____a good time?
 - A We had a great time! I danced till three in the morning!

Time expressions

in/at/on

8 EXTENSION Complete the time expressions with *in*, *at*, *on*, or no preposition (–).

1 <u>on</u>	Saturday	
2	summer	
3	last night	
4	the twenty-first century	
5	eight o'clock	
6	yesterday	
7	the 12th March	
8	June	
9	Monday morning	
10	2018	
11	my birthday	
12	the 1990s	
13	the weekend	
14	last year	

15 _____ the afternoon

ago

9 EXTENSION Look at the *Time then* and the *Time now*. How long ago was it?

Time then	Time now	How long ago?	
1 5 p.m.	6 p.m.	1 <u>an hour ago</u>	
2 10.10	10.15 analysind	2	
3 Monday	Thursday	3	
4 May 1	May 14	4	
5 January	June	5	
6 September 21st	September 28th	6	
7 2010	2020	7	

• 7.3 Listen and check.

A History of the Early Cinema

1895-1940s

The first moving picture shows started in theatres in England, France, and the United States at the end of the 19th century.





A History of the Early Cinema

- 10 Read the first part of the text '1895-1910'. Complete the questions with did, was, or were. Then complete the answers.
 - 1 'When <u>did</u> the first moving picture shows start?' 'At the end of the 19th century ?
 - 2 'Where and when _____ the first cinema open?' 'In _____, in _____.'
 - 3 'How many 'Nickelodeons' there in the US by 1907?' 'About ______.'
 - 4 'How long _____ the film shows last?' 'About _____ '
 - 5 'What kind of stories _____ they often tell?'
 - stories.

7.4 Listen and check.





1895-1910 Silent movies

In 1905, the first cinema, or 'Nickelodeon', opened in Pittsburgh, and by 1907 there were about 4,000 'Nickelodeons' in the US. The films were short (sometimes just one minute long) and silent, but there was usually a pianist to accompany them. Film shows lasted about half an hour.

Later films became longer and were often Bible stories. Until 1910, the actors were not named. With the longer films, their names started to appear on screen. The idea of 'film stars' was born.

1910-1927 'HOLLYWOOD' is born!

In the early years, American films were made in or near New York, but in 1910 many film companies moved to California because of the sunshine and the scenery. Westerns - films about cowboys - became very popular, and California was the perfect place to film.

By 1914 American films were very popular, and Hollywood became a 'movie factory'. In the 1920s studios made about 800 films a year, 82% of the world's films. Hollywood's silent movie stars, such as Charlie Chaplin and Buster Keaton, became famous throughout the world.

1927-1940s The coming of SOUND!

Hollywood made its first movie with sound in 1927. It was called The Jazz Singer. By the end of 1929 nearly all films were 'talkies'. Now began what is often called 'The Golden Age of Hollywood', with its rich, famous, glamorous film stars such as Clark Gable, Greta Garbo, Humphrey Bogart, and Judy Garland.

11 Read the rest of the text. Complete the questions and the answers.

- 1 'Where were the first American films made?' 'In New York .'
- 2 ' did the film companies move to California?' 'Because of _____ ?
- 3 '_____ kind of film became popular?' '_____?
- 4 '_____ did Hollywood become a 'movie factory' for the world?'
 - 'By _____?
- 5 '_____ films did the studios make every year?'
- _____ two movie stars became famous throughout the 6 [°] world?'
 - 'Buster Keaton and _____?
- 7 '_____ did Hollywood make its first sound movie?'
 - ʻIn .'
- 8' _ were some of the film stars of 'The Golden Age of Hollywood'?'
 - Clark Gable, Greta Garbo, Humphrey Bogart and _____.

Vocabulary Adverbs

1 Complete the sentences using the adjective once and the adverb once.

quiet quietly

- 1 Quiet, please. There is an exam in progress.
- 2 Amy talks so *quietly*. I can never hear what she's saying!

bad badly

- 3 Morris has really _____ teeth.
- 4 I failed my piano exam because I played so _

careful carefully

- 5 Please listen _____ to what I'm saying. It's very important!
- 6 Be _____ children when you cross the road.

slow slowly

- 7 Please speak more _____, I don't understand.
- 8 I am a really _____ runner. I always come last on sports day.

beautiful beautifully

- 9 You have a _____ house. I love your kitchen.
- 10 The children sang _____ at their Christmas concert.
- **2** Complete the sentences with an irregular adverb from the box.

hard fast well early late

- 1 George worked really <u>hard</u> and passed all his exams.
- 2 Paul gets the six o'clock train every morning. He gets up very _____.
- 3 Becky is always _____ for school. She needs an alarm clock.
- 4 The police gave Harry a speeding ticket because he drove too _____.
- 5 You speak English very _____!

Everyday English Special occasions

①7.5 Listen and complete the conversations.

- 1 A That's it! It's January 1st!
 - B _____ New _____ everyone!
 - A Happy New Year! _____ to the old year! Here's to the _____! All Cheers!
- 2 A It was my birthday yesterday.
 - B I know. Did you get my ____?
 - A Yes, thank you. It was very funny.
 - B And you were ten years old. Did you have a ?
 - A Yes, twenty friends _____ and they brought me lots of _____.
 - B Great! I have _____ for you, too. _____ you are. Happy _____ for yesterday.
 - A Oh, wow! Thanks!
- 3 A Anna! Congratulations!
 - B Thank you very much.
 - A When's the _____?
 - B We don't know for sure. Possibly _____ April.
 - A Can I see your engagement _____
 - B Of course. Do you _____?
 - A Ah! It's beautiful. I can't wait for my _____ Don't forget to say _____ to Paul from me.
- 4 A Morning, Mummy. Here you are! Breakfast in bed.
 - **B** Thank you. What a lovely
 - A Would you like milk in _____ tea?
 - B Yes, please. Mmm!
 - A Here's a big bunch of ____
 - **B** I am lucky.
 - A I'm the lucky one because you're _____ mummy!





- of _____, too.
- hareonopien d Mireo dia de Mireo da f



REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the sentences with a verb from the box in the negative.

enjoy stay pass buy go have

- I went shopping, but everything was too expensive.
 I *didn't buy* anything.
- My wife and I had a quiet weekend at home.
 We ______ anywhere.
- 3 Unfortunately, I only got 35% in my exam.
- 4 Pete went to a party, but it wasn't very good. He there. He went home.
- 5 I saw Jenny in town, but I was very busy. I time to talk to her.
- 6 My parents' holiday was awful. It rained every day. They _______ it.
- 2 Put the words in the correct order in these sentences.
 - 1 we / played / all / afternoon / tennis We played tennis all afternoon.
 - 2 did / what / get up / morning / this / time / you / ?
 - 3 wrote / I / some / emails / morning / this
 - 4 go / work / to / didn't / I / on / was / I / holiday / week / because / last
 - 5 parents / married / in / got / my / 1983
 - 6 you / did / where / school / to / go / ?
 - 7 didn't / to / go / Tim's / we / party / were / because / too / we / tired
 - 8 went / university / to / I / 1990s / the / in
 - 9 did / why / go / you / shops / the / to / ?
 - 10 didn't / big / we / live / house / I / a / young / was / when / in

- 3 <u>Underline</u> the correct answer.
 - 1 Did you *like/liked* the film?
 - 2 I not go/didn't go to university.
 - 3 We lost the match because we played really *bad/badly*.
 - 4 It was my birthday in/on June 15.
 - 5 What did/do you do last weekend?
 - 6 There *was/were* about 150 people at the wedding.
 - 7 I'm a very *slowly/slow* reader. It takes me months to finish a book.
 - 8 Sarah failed her exam because she *didn't work/worked* hard.

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

bad slowly on Saturday cinema actor at six o'clock beautiful early last year fast birthday glamorous carefully rich in 2019 American movie on 20th May quietly Hollywood exciting

Adjectives	Adverbs
bad	slowly
	teringun energiante
Nouns	Time expressions
cinema	on Saturday

C Go online to Check your progress.



Love it or hate it!

- Food and drink
- Countable and uncountable nouns
 I like/I'd like ...
- some and any, much and many
- Shopping in the High Street

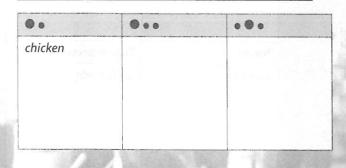
- Vocabulary
- 1 Write the words from the box in the correct column.

chicken	milk	potato	apple
beef	banana	cheese	onion
peas	orange	broccoli	bacon
tomato	ham	strawberry	carrot
raspberry	butter	yoghurt	sausage

Vegetables	Meat	Fruit	Dairy products
potato	chicken	apple	milk
	euro bili	trad lan	
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2 **()**8.1 Listen to the stress on these words. Write them in the correct column.

chicken yoghurt potato broccoli tomato strawberry raspberry banana sausage pasta



Countable and uncountable nouns

3 Are these usually countable or uncountable nouns? Write *C* or *U*.

1 <u>U</u>	cheese	9	fruit
2	_ apple	10	pasta
3	_ food	11	banana
4	_ biscuit	12	tea
5	_ bread	13	egg
6	_ milk	14	water
7	_ chip	15	strawberry
8	tomato	16	butter

a, an, or some?

4 Complete the sentences with *a*, *an*, or *some*.

- 1 Children! There's <u>some</u> food on the table. Come and get it!
- 2 I usually have _____ apple for breakfast.
- 3 Can you buy _____ bread at the shops?
- 4 We have _____ cup of coffee and _____ biscuit at 11.00.
- 5 There's some cheese in the fridge and _____ tomato.
- 6 Do you want _____ drink? Tea? Coffee?
- 7 Give me _____ water! Quick!
- 8 I have _____ fruit every day.
- 9 Do you want _____ orange or _____ banana?
- 10 You need _____ eggs to make _____ omelette.

Grammar like ... and would like ...

What do they like doing?

1 Look at the information about Bridget and Simon. Complete the sentences about them.

и 11 11 к 11 к 11 к 11 к 11 к 11 к 11 к	BE	
dah	Bridget, 28, a journalist	Simon, 33, an architect
Weekend activities	going to the cinema eating in restaurants	going to the cinema and the theatre cooking dinner for friends
Holiday activities	swimming sunbathing reading books	sightseeing visiting museums reading books

- 1 Bridget and Simon both *like going* to the cinema.
- 2 Simon also ______ to the theatre.
- 3 Bridget ______ in restaurants, but Simon ______ for friends.
- 4 Bridget ______ and sunbathing, but Simon _____ and visiting museums.
- 5 They both _____ books.

I'd like + noun or infinitive

2 Match a line in A with a line in B.

A	В
 I'm hungry. I'm thirsty. I have too much work. I'm hot. 	a I'd like a holiday. b _1I'd like something to eat. c I'd like a cold shower. d I'd like a drink.
 I'm tired. It's my birthday. I don't have any money. I'm bored. 	e I'd like to win a million pounds. f I'd like to go to bed. g I'd like to have a party. h I'd like to go to the cinema.

3 Complete the questions using would like.

- 1 'I'm hungry.' 'What would you like to eat ?'
- 2 'I'm thirsty.' 'What _____?'
- 3 'I need a holiday.' 'Where _____?'
- 4 'I want to have a party'. 'Who _____ invite?'
- 5 'Can we go to the cinema?' 'What _____?'
- 6 'I want an ice cream.' 'What flavour _____?'

like or would like

- 4 Choose the correct answer, a or b.
 - 1 What do you like doing at the weekend?
 - a I like going out with my friends.b I'd like to go out with my friends.
 - 2 It's your birthday! What do you want to do?a I'd like to go out with my friends.b I like going out with my friends.
 - 3 What's your favourite colour?
 - a I'd like blue.
 - **b** I like blue.
 - 4 Which shirt do you want?
 - **a** I'd like the blue one, please.
 - **b** I like the blue one, please.
 - 5 We're having a party at our house next Saturday.
 - a Do you like to come?
 - **b** Would you like to come?
 - 6 We have a new teacher.
 - a Do you like her?
 - b Would you like her?

• 8.2 Listen and check.

- **5** Complete the sentences using the correct form of *like* or *would like*.
 - Jane has hundreds of cookbooks.
 <u>She likes</u> cooking.
 - 2 It's Helen's birthday next week.

She ______ to go to an Indian restaurant.

- 3 My car is 20 years old!
 - _____a new one!

you

4 There's a good film on TV tonight.

to watch it?

- 5 We go to the French Alps every year.
 - _____ skiing.
- 6 Sarah thinks her house is too small. ______a bigger one.
- 7 Tom is doing a website for his friend. _______ designing.

some and any

- 6 Complete the sentences with some or any.
 - I don't have <u>any</u> apple juice. But I have <u>some</u> orange juice.
 - 2 Are there _____ messages for me this morning?
 - 3 I never have _____ breakfast.
 - 4 You have _____ lovely friends. You're very lucky.
 - 5 Don't buy _____ bread. We have lots.
 - 6 Do you have _____ brothers or sisters?
 - 7 There aren't ______ shops in my village.
 - 8 I'd like _____ milk in my tea. Is there ____ in the fridge?
 - 9 There was _____ rain last night the road is wet this morning.
- 10 She doesn't have _____ children.

much and many

8 Complete the questions with *How much* or *How many*.



- 1 A '*How many* students are there in your class?'
 - **B** 'Twenty.'



- 2 A '_____ homework do you get?'
 B 'Too much.'
- 4 A '_____ people live in your house?'
 - **B** 'Five. Me, my brother and sister, and my parents.'
- 5 A '_____ tea do you drink a day?'
 - B 'Two or three cups.'

- Example all contracts
- 7 Complete the sentences with *some* or *any* and a word from the box.

petrol music food ice stamps friends chips eggs

- 1 Can you turn the radio on? I'd like to listen to <u>some music</u>.
- 2 I'd like _____ in my water, please.
- 3 I need to put ______ in the car. It's nearly empty.
- 4 Do you have _____? I have some letters to post.
- 5 Do we have _____? I could make an omelette.
- 6 Can I have ______ with my steak?
- 7 I met ______ from school last night.
- 8 There isn't _____ in the fridge. Sorry.



3 A '______ is a cup of coffee and a piece of cake?'
B 'Ten euros.'



- 6 A '_____ languages can you speak?'
 B 'Two. French and German.'
 - **D** 1000. French and Germa
- 8.3 Listen and check.

Two chefs in the family

9 Read the introduction about the chef Gordon Ramsay and his daughter, Tilly. What is the problem with Gordon?

10 Complete the text with the words from the box.

likes (x3) like doesn't like 'd like loved a lot of (*2) some any many

Father and daughter – CELEBRITY CHEFS

Gordon Ramsay is a world famous chef. He has '<u>alot of</u> Michelin stars – 16 in fact! His TV programmes, *Hell's Kitchen* and *Ramsay's Kitchen Nightmares*, are very popular. But there is sometimes a problem because Gordon uses so '______ bad words!

Now, Gordon's teenage daughter, Tilly, is a successful chef, too. She has her own cookery programme, *Matilda and the Ramsay Bunch*, on BBC TV, and a new cookbook called *Tilly's Kitchen Takeover*. Tilly doesn't use ³______ bad words when she's on TV!

Tilly's food is very different from the food at her dad's expensive restaurants. She 4______ cooking simple meals that are easy to make. She also likes helping people her age to learn to cook. Tilly 5______ preparing meals for her family and friends, too. She has some very famous friends! David and Victoria Beckham's children know the Ramsay family very well, and they often eat with them. When Tilly was small she

⁶ watching her dad cook, and she also met a lot of famous chefs – they often visited the busy Ramsay home. Tilly started cooking, and finally decided that she ⁷ to be a chef, too.

Tilly is a big fan of social media. She has about 194,000 followers on Instagram. ⁸_____ people, young and old, ⁹_____ her recipes. Most of the time she ¹⁰_____ chatting to them, but she ¹¹_____ everything they say because ¹²_____ comments aren't very kind.

Her family love her recipes, too. They are very pleased with her success – especially her dad. He's very proud indeed.





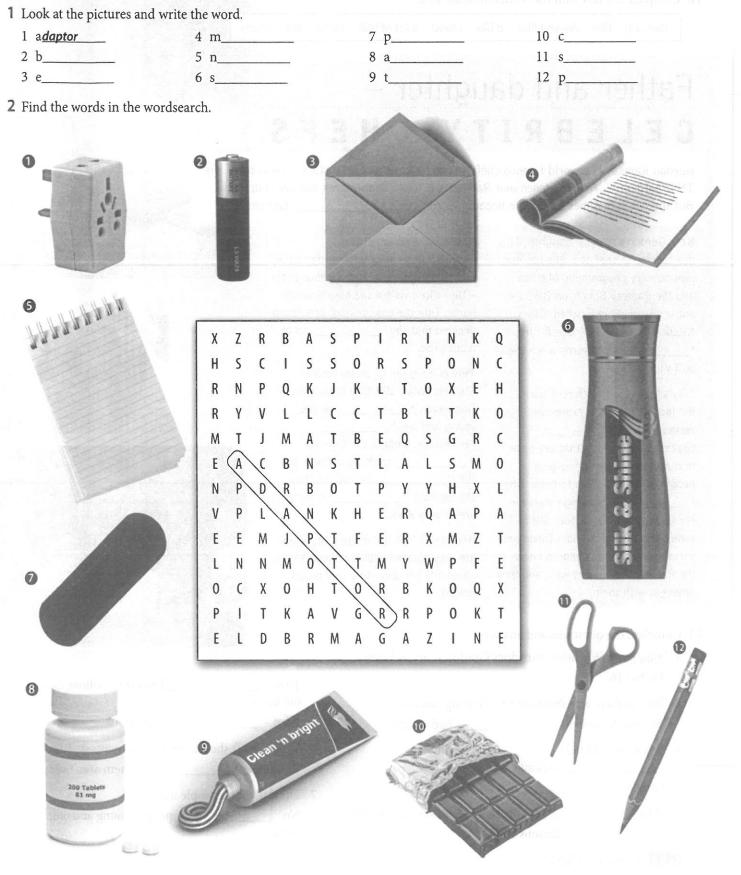
11 Complete the questions and answers.

- 1 'How many Michelin stars does Gordon Ramsay have?'
 'He has 16.'
- 2 'Why is there a problem on his TV programmes?' 'Because he uses so _____ bad words.'
- 3 'What sort of food _____ Tilly _____ cooking?'
 - 'Simple ______ that are easy to make.'
- 4 'Who _____ Tilly meet when she was small?'
- 5 'How _____ Instagram followers does she have?'
 - 'A lot _____ 194,000.'
- 6 'Why doesn't she like all the comments on Instagram?' 'Because _______ of them aren't very kind.'
- 7 'Do just young people use Tilly's _____?'
 'No, _____ people, young and old, use them.'

18.4 Listen and check.

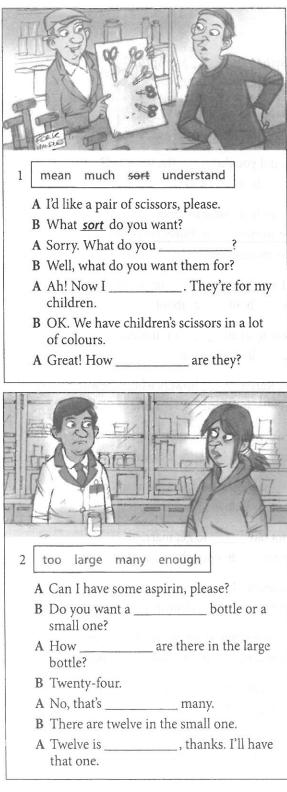
Daily needs

Vocabulary



Everyday English Shopping in the High Street

Complete the conversations with the words from the box.



1)8.5 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the sentences with a, an, some, or - (nothing).

- 1 I like ____ vegetables.
- 2 I'd like some vegetables, please.
- 3 I like _____ bananas.
- 4 I'd like _____ bananas, please.
- 5 _____ coffee is my favourite drink.
- 6 Would you like _____ coffee?
- 7 I love _____ ice cream.
- 8 Can I have _____ ice cream, please?
- **2** Complete the sentences below using the groups of words in the chart.

Potatoes Cheese	is are	chickens vegetables
Fruit Eggs Whisky	come from comes from	Scotland made from milk full of vitamins.
Potatoes a	re vegetables	. 4 Eggs
Cheese		. 5 Whisky
Fruit		

3 Complete the questions with *How much* ... ? or *How many* ... ?

- 1 <u>How much</u> homework do you get?
- 2 _____ English books do you have?
- 3 _____ does a small cappuccino cost?
- 4 _____ languages do you speak?
- 5 ______ students are there in your class?
- 6 _____ coffee do you drink a day?
- 7 _____ children do you have?
- 4 Make sentences with like or 'd like.
 - I have all of Taylor Swift's songs on my playlist.
 I like Taylor Swift.
 - 2 Holly thinks her house is too small. She 'd like a big house.
 - 3 Barney has more than twenty cookbooks. He
 - 4 There's a good film on tonight.

- ___watch it.
- 5 We have four cats, two dogs, and five fish. We ________ animals a lot.
- We ______6 It's Jemima's birthday next week.
 - She ______ some new clothes for her birthday.

Go online to Check your progress.

Stop and check Units 5-8

Grammar

- 1 Choose the correct answer. (30 marks)
 - 1 Can you speak Spanish? No, _____.
 a quite well b not at all c a little
 - 2 Can Susan play the guitar? No, she _____.
 a can't b couldn't c can
 - 3 'Who _____ at the party last night?' 'Lots of people.' a were **b** is **c** was
 - 4 What _____ the capital of Thailand? Bangkok. a 's b 're c was
 - 5 The children _____ really tired today. **a** was **b** is **c** are
 - 6 'Where _____ you last night?' 'I was out with friends.'a was b were c are
 - 7 I _____ walk when I was one. a can b could c can't
 - 8 When she was three she could use an iPad, but she _____ read!
 a could b can c couldn't
 - 9 'What time did you _____ the party?' 'Midnight!' a left b leaved c leave
 - 10 I _____ Pete yesterday. a see b seen c saw
 - 11 We _____ a lot when I was young.a travelled b did travel c travel
 - 12 I _____ get up early this morning because it was Saturday.
 a don't b didn't c not
 - 13 I _____ the lesson. It was boring!a not enjoy b didn't enjoy c enjoyed
 - 14 'What's _____ name of this hotel?' 'The Dorchester.' a the $\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{c}$ a
 - 15 I live in _____ London. $\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$ the $\mathbf{c} \mathbf{a}$

- 16 My birthday is _____ 3rd April. a at b in c on
- 17 My wedding anniversary is _____ June. **a** at **b** in **c** on
- 18 What did you do _____ the weekend? a at b in c on
- 19 There were no smartphones _____.
 a last winter b thirty years ago
 c two minutes ago
- 20 Can I speak to you ____ my homework? a for b of c about
- 21 Is there football _____ TV tonight? **a** on **b** at **c** in
- 22 I took Karen _____ flowers when she was in hospital.a any b a little c some
- 23 There aren't _____ biscuits left! a any b a little c some
- 24 I _____ an espresso and a croissant, please. a like **b** love **c** 'd like
- 25 I'm not old _____ to get married. a nearly b enough c quite
- 26 I hate maths. It's really _____.a worrying b exhausting c interesting
- 27 Beth has an important exam today. She's so _____.a interesting b worried c interested
- 28 Children get very _____ at Christmas time. a excited b worried c exciting
- 29 Running a marathon is _____.a worried b exhausted c exhausting
- 30 I like *The Times* because it's an _____ newspaper.a exhausting b interested c interesting

Vocabulary

12 living room

13 handbag

14 June

15 later

2 Match a verb in **A** with a noun or adverb in **B**. (20 marks)

Α	В		
1 ride	ate	ennis	TRUMS - M
2 play	ba		
3 eat	c h	and the second sec	
4 fly	da		
5 phone	ea	plane	
A	В		unit oddiwr, fe Maturfathau
6 drive	fa	picture	
7 paint	ga	cake	60616
8 make	h v		
9 get up	ie	Service and the service service	
10 feel	ja]
A	В		
11 play	k ł	ard	
12 speak French	Ia	cake	
13 sing	f		
14 work	nt		Although the second
15 eat	0t	beautifully]
A	В		
16 have	p q	thess	
IO Have			
17 ride	q	ate	
17 ride 18 watch	ra	a horse	
17 ride 18 watch 19 play	ra sk	a horse preakfast	
17 ride 18 watch	ra	a horse preakfast	
17 ride 18 watch 19 play 20 get up	ra sh t7	a horse preakfast TV	5 marks)
17 ride 18 watch 19 play 20 get up <u>Underline</u> the wor	ra sh t7	a horse preakfast TV	eat
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17 ride 18 watch 19 play 20 get up <u>Underline</u> the wor 1 ride 2 a bike	r'a st tT d or phrase that f fly a plane	a horse preakfast V is different. (1: drive a car	eat a TV
17 ride 18 watch 19 play 20 get up <u>Underline</u> the wor 1 ride 2 a bike 3 fruit	ra sh tT d or phrase that fly a plane sugar	a horse preakfast IV is different. (19 drive a car flour	eat a TV egg
 17 ride 18 watch 19 play 20 get up Underline the word Underline the word I ride 2 a bike 3 fruit 4 milk 5 a slice of bread	ra st tT d or phrase that fly a plane sugar cheese	a horse oreakfast V is different. (1: drive a car flour water	eat a TV egg biscuit
 17 ride 18 watch 19 play 20 get up Underline the word I ride 2 a bike 3 fruit 4 milk 5 a slice of bread 6 aspirin	ra sh tT d or phrase that f fly a plane sugar cheese a glass of water	a horse preakfast IV is different. (1: drive a car flour water a cup of tea	eat a TV egg biscuit chocolate stamps
 17 ride 18 watch 19 play 20 get up <u>Underline</u> the word ride a bike fruit milk a slice of bread a spirin magazine 	ra st tT d or phrase that f fly a plane sugar cheese a glass of water shampoo	a horse preakfast V is different. (1: drive a car flour water a cup of tea toothpaste	eat a TV egg biscuit chocolate
 17 ride 18 watch 19 play 20 get up <u>Underline</u> the word ride a bike fruit fruit a slice of bread aspirin magazine sausages 	ra st tT d or phrase that i fly a plane sugar cheese a glass of water shampoo newspaper	a horse preakfast IV is different. (1: drive a car flour water a cup of tea toothpaste sausages	eat a TV egg biscuit chocolate stamps bar of chocolate
 17 ride 18 watch 19 play 20 get up <u>Underline</u> the word ride a bike a fruit milk a slice of bread a spirin magazine sausages shampoo 	ra st tT d or phrase that f fly a plane sugar cheese a glass of water shampoo newspaper stamps	a horse preakfast IV is different. (1: drive a car flour water a cup of tea toothpaste sausages chicken	eat a TV egg biscuit chocolate stamps bar of chocolate steak
 17 ride 18 watch 19 play 20 get up Underline the word Underline t	ra st tT d or phrase that i fly a plane sugar cheese a glass of water shampoo newspaper stamps parcel boxes	a horse preakfast V is different. (1: drive a car flour water a cup of tea toothpaste sausages chicken stamps	eat a TV egg biscuit chocolate stamps bar of chocolate steak foreign money

dining room

purse

month

nearly

garden

phone

week

again

Everyday English

- 4 Complete the sentences with the correct words. (20 marks)
 - 1 A Can I help you?
 - B _____ I have an espresso, please?
 - A Of _____. Take a seat.
 - 2 A Excuse me! _____ ask you something? **B** What is it?
 - A ______ tell me what 'classroom' is in German?
 - **B** It's Klassenzimmer.
 - 3 A ______ another chocolate biscuit, please?
 - B That's your third! OK. One more.
 - A _____ pass the plate?
 - 4 A Is it your birthday _____ week?
 - B Yes. I can't wait!
 - A Is your birthday on the first of April?
 - B Yes, I know April the _____ is April Fools' Day!
 - 5 A We went to the cinema last night.
 - B _____see?
 - A The new James Bond film.
 - B like it?
 - A Yes, it was great!
 - 6 A Bye! Have a great _____ ! B Thank you. And you. _____ on Monday.
 - 7 A Did vou have a _____ birthday party?
 - B Yes, thank you. It was brilliant!
 - A Did you invite _____ friends?
 - B Yes. I invited 15.
 - 8 A Can I have a box of chocolates, please?

B		want a small box or a	box?
A	How	are there in the small	box?

- **B** Twelve.
- A Twelve is _____, thank you.
- 9 A I ______ a small ice cream, please.
 - B What flavour? I have chocolate, strawberry, vanilla, orange ...
 - A Orange ice cream? That's a bit different. Can I have ____ ____ orange one please?



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kitchen

pen

year

some

57

Life in the city

- Comparative and superlative adjectives have got

Prepositions

- Compound nouns

Directions

- Grammar **Comparative adjectives**
- 1 Write the comparative adjectives.

Adjective	Comparative
old	older
all	 A state of the sta
hot	THEY PERSI
nice	
oolite	
easy	
oretty	
exciting	
oeautiful	
mportant	

- **2** Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjective in **bold**.
 - 1 It isn't very warm today. It was warmer yesterday.
 - 2 Dave isn't very funny. His brother is much
 - 3 Cats are quite **friendly**, but dogs are a lot
 - 4 Your homework is good, but I think you can do
 - 5 The news is **bad**, but it could be .
- 3 Complete the sentences with a comparative adjective.
 - 1 This flat is too old for me. I want somewhere more modern .
 - 2 This TV programme is boring. Is there something on another channel?
 - 3 This jumper is too small. I need a _____ one.
 - 4 My coffee is cold. Can I have a one?
 - 5 This lesson is so difficult. Yesterday, it was much

4 Write four sentences about Pete and Anna using the comparative form of the adjectives from the box.



have or have got

- **5** Rewrite the sentences using the correct form of *have got*.
 - 1 I have a nice flat. <u>I've got a nice flat.</u>
 - 2 Does Paul have a motorbike? Has Paul got a motorbike?
 - 3 We have two children.
 - 4 Do you have a dictionary?
 - 5 My parents don't have a lot of money.
 - 6 What colour hair does she have?
 - 7 I don't have an English lesson today.
 - 8 You're lucky. You have a good job.

do/does/have/has

- **6** Complete the conversations with *do*, *does*, *have*, or *has*.
 - 1 '<u>Have</u> you got satellite TV?' 'Yes, I can get hundreds of channels.'
 - 2 '_____ he have any children?' 'Yes, one daughter.'
 - 3 'How much milk _____ we got?''We haven't got any.'
 - 4 '_____ they have a nice house?' 'Yes, much nicer than ours.'
 - 5 'What sort of car _____ she got?' 'I'm not sure. A Mini, I think.'
 - 6 'What _____ you got on your head?' 'Oh! My glasses! There they are!'
 - 7 'What _____ you have for breakfast?' 'Tea and toast, usually.'
 - 8 '_____ you have a shower every morning?''Of course! Don't you?'
 - 9.1 Listen and check.

Comparing two people

7 Use the information in 1–8 to complete the sentences about Anna and Pete.

	Anna		Pete
1	35	age	28 0
2	1.60	height	1.80
3	no	bike	yes of the
4	a daughter	children	no
5	house	house/flat	flat
6	yes	good job	yes
7	8	work – number of hours a day	10
8	very	interesting job	ОК

1 Anna's older than Pete.

- 2 _____ taller _____.
- 3 _____ has got a bike, but _____ hasn't.
- 4 ______ a daughter, but ______ any children.
- 5 Pete's ______ a flat. Anna's ______ a house.
- 6 They've both got _____.
- 7 Pete _____ longer hours _____ Anna.
- 8 Anna's ______ a more interesting ______ Pete.

Comparative and superlative adjectives

8 Write the comparative and superlative forms of the adjectives.

	Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
1	cheap	cheaper	the cheapest
2	expensive	more expensive	the most expensive
3	young	1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	
4	happy		
5	beautiful		
6	big		
7	busy		
8	intelligent	19.000	an Cartan
9	bad	24643	35
10	far		
11	new	tagista -	
12	dangerous	estia.	

- **9** Put the words in the correct order to make sentences or questions.
 - 1 family / the / am / my / in / I / oldest *I am the oldest in my family.*
 - 2 sister / me / my / than / younger / is
 - 3 class / who / oldest / the / the / in / is / ?
 - 4 passenger plane / was / Concorde / world / fastest / the / in / the
 - 5 book / interesting / than / my / your / more / is / book
 - 6 bought / expensive / shop / the / in / TV / most / Peter / the
 - 7 cheapest / buy / you / shop / in / the / the / did / watch / ?
 - 8 difficult / German spelling / English spelling / is / than / more / much
 - 9 weather / better / today / than / much / is / yesterday / the

10 Complete the questions with the superlative form of the adjective. Try to answer them, then look at the key on page 63.



1 What is <u>the longest</u> (long) river in the world? <u>The Nile.</u>



2 What is _____ (high) mountain in the world?



3 What is _____ (big) city in Australia?



4 What is _____ (popular) sport in the world?



5 What is _____ (small) country in the world?



6 Where is _____ (old Europe?

_ (old) university in

Big cities, tiny homes

11 Read about some of the world's smallest apartments. Write the superlative of the adjective in brackets.



New York, Paris, and London are famous for having some of the world's '<u>most expensive</u> (*expensive*) homes. However, the world's '______ (*large*) and '______ (*rich*) cities also have some of the '______ (*small*) apartments in the world.

New York has some of the ⁵_

(*luxurious*) apartments in the world. One of the largest is a 767 m² penthouse apartment. It's got one of the ⁶______ (good) views of Central Park in the city.

Only one block away is one of New York's smallest apartments. It's only 8.4 m², and is home to Felice Cohen. She likes her apartment because she pays the ⁷______ (*low*) rent for one of the ⁸______ (*nice*) locations in the city. Felice says she gets the 'full New York City experience for only \$700 a month', and she's near Central Park, the gym, and subways. She hasn't got a kitchen, but there is a fridge and a small oven. She says the bathroom is 'pretty big', and she's got space to do yoga!





Paris is one of the 9

(*beautiful*) and romantic cities in the world because of its lovely old buildings. It also has one of the world's smallest apartments – but small can also be beautiful. At 8m² it is 'petite', but pretty. It's also got one of the ¹⁰__________ (*spectacular*) views in the city, overlooking the rooftops of Paris.

One of **London**'s ¹¹_____(*tiny*) apartments was once a cupboard, and is only 5.6 m². It's got a tiny kitchen, a sofa bed and a shower that is also a wardrobe. It's small, but it isn't cheap. It is worth about £250,000. That's £44,600 a square metre – and there's no window!

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- **12** Complete the questions about the apartments with the correct question words.
 - 1 '<u>Where</u> are some of the most expensive apartments in the world?'
 'In New York, Paris, and London.'
 - 2 ______ lives in one of New York's smallest apartments?' 'Felice Cohen.'
 - 3 '_____square metres is her apartment?' '8.4 m²'
 - 4 '_____ does the apartment in Paris overlook?' 'The rooftops.'
 - 5 '______ is the London apartment worth?' '£250,000.'
 - 6 '_____ hasn't the London apartment got a nice view?'

'Because it hasn't got a window!'

• 9.2 Listen and check.

- **13** Complete the sentences with *has got, hasn't got, have got, or haven't got.*
 - New York, Paris, and London
 <u>some of</u>
 the world's most expensive
 apartments.
 - 2 The penthouse in New York ______ an amazing view of Central Park.
 - 3 Felice ______a a kitchen.
 - 4 The three apartments in the text _____ much space.

Vocabulary Compound nouns

1 Match a noun in **A** with a noun in **B** to make a compound noun.

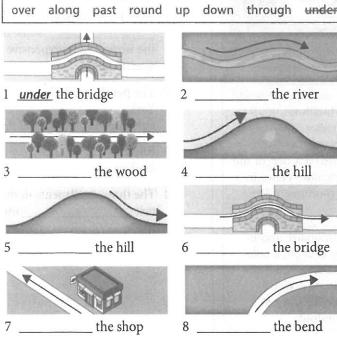
town centre

A		В	
1	town —	а	park
2	railway	b	agent
3	traffic	- C	centre
4	super	d	office
5	car	e	station
6	travel	f	port
7	post	g	market
8	air	h	lights

- **2** Complete the sentences with the correct compound noun from exercise **1**.
 - 1 Can you buy some milk and bread when you go to the _____?
 - 2 I'm late for my train! Could you drive me to the ?
 - 3 London's Heathrow is one of the biggest ______ in the world.
 - 4 We took the bus to the ______ to meet our friends at the shops.
 - 5 Happy Holidays is a great _____

Prepositions

3 Look at the pictures. Write a preposition from the box.



Everyday English

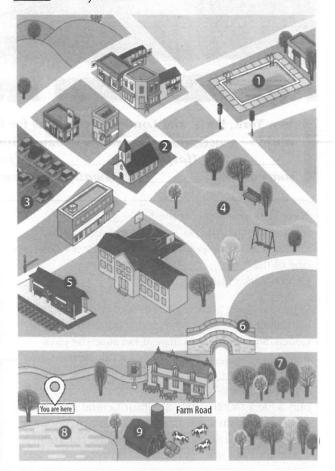
Directions

1 Find these things on the map. Write a number.

<u>3</u> car park _____ farm _____ bridge _____ lake _____ church _____ wood

____ swimming pool

- __ park
- _____ railway station



2 Read the directions. Where are you?

Drive along Farm Road, past the farm and the pub, and turn left. Go down the hill and under the railway bridge. Turn left at the park, and go up the hill to the church. Turn right before the church, and go along the road until you come to the traffic lights. Go straight on at the traffic lights, and it's on the left.

9.3 Listen and check.

3 Now write the directions from the pool to the pub.

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REVIEW

Grammar

 Write the opposites of the comparative and superlative adjectives.

Adjective	Opposite
smaller	bigger
the cheapest	
safer	
faster	
the dirtiest	in the restance of the restance of the second s
most difficult	- Antonia - Antonio Marak
quieter	
more boring	- And All
the best	ma9761 p
more modern	10(\$349-99)

- 2 Correct the mistake in each sentence.
 - Evan speaks good English, but Fred's is gooder.
 Evan speaks good English, but Fred's is better.
 - 2 Jenny is prettiest girl in the class.
 - 3 Who is intelligent student in your class?
 - 4 Sally is older from Cathy.
 - 5 Liam's a really expensive new car.
 - 6 'Does they have a big house?' 'Yes, it's huge!'
 - 7 'How many children do you have?' 'I haven't got.'
 - 8 'Are we nearly there yet?''Don't worry. The hotel's just on the bend.'

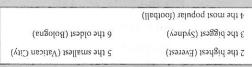
Vocabulary

1 Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

in	on	at	in front of

- 1 The school is <u>on</u> the left.
- 2 Turn right _____ the traffic lights.
- 3 There's a statue _____ the main square.
- 4 There are three people _____ the bus stop.
- 5 The bus stop is _____ the chemist's.
- 6 The river is _____ the bottom of the hill.
- 7 The wood is _____ the top of the hill.
- 8 The Millbank Hotel is _____ the right.
- 9 _____ the end of the street, turn left.
- 10 The mayor's office is _____ the town hall.
- 2 Which one is different?
 - 1 airport railway station bus stop bank
 - 2 mountain river church woods
 - 3 where when what does
 - 4 flat house kitchen penthouse
 - 5 older taller smaller worse
 - 6 funniest fastest easiest prettiest
 - 7 in many on at
 - 8 lovely disgusting beautiful pretty
 - 9 big huge small enormous
 - 10 chemist's post office newsagent's traffic lights

Answer key for exercise 10 page 60



Go online to Check your progress.

What are you up to?

- Present Continuous and Present Simple
- -ing form
- Whose/Who's

- Possessive pronouns
- Describing people
- Social expressions (2)

Grammar Present Continuous

1 Complete the sentences about what the people are doing.



1 She's learning German.



3 I'm_ a film.





- 5 She _____ spaghetti. 6 They _____ coffee.
- **2** Complete the questions about the people in exercise **1**.
 - 1 'What's she learning ?' 'German.'
 - 2 '____? 'Tennis.' 3 '
 - 4 '_____?' 'An email.'

 - 6 '



2 He's tennis.



4 He an email.



- ?' 'A film.'
- 5 '____?' 'Spaghetti.'
- ?' 'Coffee.'

- **3** Complete the negative sentences about the people in exercise 1.
 - 1 She isn't learning Greek. 2 _____ golf. 3 ______ the news. 4 _____a letter.
 - 5 _____ ice cream.
 - 6 _____ orange juice.
- **4** Match a line in **A** with a line in **B**.

A		e put i spo	В	
1	I'm working hard	a farma a	a	she's hungry.
2	Jane's learning French.		b	we're going on holiday.
3	The baby's crying		- c	I need the money.
4	Tom's studying hard	because	d	friends are coming for dinner.
5	You're making a lot of mistakes		e	she's got a job in Paris.
6	Ken and Sally are cooking		f	he has an exam soon.
7	We're packing		g	you aren't listening.

Spelling

5 Look at the spellings of these verbs + -*ing* and write the -ing forms below.

eating	write	writing	swim	swimming
ke	52	6	sit	
		7	buy	awara di
nk		8	smile _	
		9	run	
ve				
	xe nk		ke 6 7 nk 8 9	ke 6 sit 7 buy nk 8 smile 9 run

Present Simple or Present Continuous?

6 Complete the pairs of sentences using the verb once in the Present Simple and once in the Present Continuous.

speak

- 1 Listen to Fiona! What language <u>is</u> she <u>speaking</u>?
- 2 How many languages *does* she *speak*?
- read

 3 I _______ a good book at the moment.
- 4 I ______ in bed every night.

have

- 5 Saira and Danny ______a beautiful house.
- 6 This party is great! I ______ a really good time.

not eat

- 7 Clare _____ with us tonight. She isn't hungry.
- 8 Vegetarians _____ meat.

get

- 9 Brigitte is so spoilt. She always ______ everything she wants.
- 10 Karen's not here at the moment. She ______ the children from school.

rain

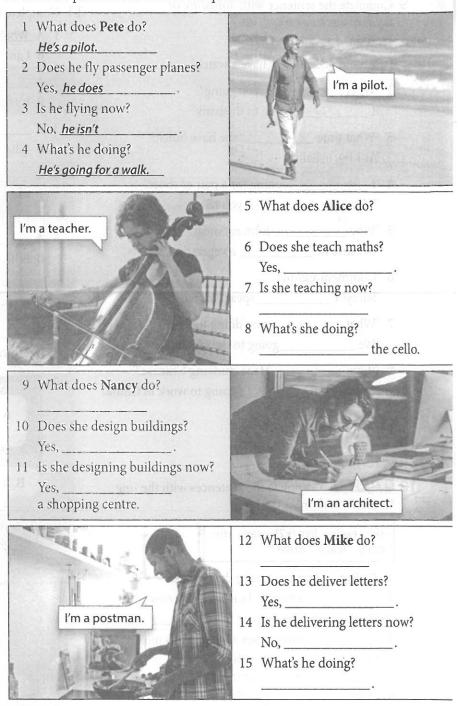
- 11 Oh no! It _____. We can't play tennis.
- 12 It always ______ a lot in April.

think

- 13 What _____ you _____ of the latest Bond film?
- 14 You look worried. What _____ you ____

about?

7 Look at the pictures and answer the questions.



10.1 Listen and check.

- 8 <u>Underline</u> the correct verb form.
 - 1 'Would you like some tea?' 'No, thanks. <u>I don't like</u> / I'm not liking tea.'
 - 2 'Do you like Pete?' 'I'm thinking / I think he's a really nice guy.'
 - 3 'Why don't you come out with us?' 'Sorry, I'm working / I work.'
 - 4 'Sprechen Sie Deutsch?' 'Sorry, I don't understand / I'm not understanding.'
 - 5 'Can I speak to Jo?' 'I'm afraid she has / she's having a shower.'

be or do?

- 9 Complete the sentence with *am/is/are* or *do/does/don't/doesn't*.
 - 1 'Why <u>is</u> he always late?'
 'Because he <u>doesn't</u> have a watch.'
 - 2 'Where _____ you going?' 'I _____ going to the bank.'
 - 3 'What time ______ she have lunch?' 'At 1.00, usually.'
 - 4 'I _____ looking for a pair of shoes.' 'What size _____ you take?'
 - 5 'Why _____ John eat meat?' 'Because he _____ a vegetarian.'
 - 6 'Comment vas-tu?' 'Sorry! I ______ speak French.'
 - 7 'What _____ you doing tonight?' 'We _____ going to the cinema.'
 - 8 'Why _____ Hans studying Chinese?' 'Because he _____ going to work in China.'

10.2 Listen and check.

-ing form as a noun

10 EXTENSION Complete the sentences with the *-ing* form of a verb from the box.

ski cycle live(x2) say run cook learn drive

- 1 **Cycling** in London can be dangerous.
- 2 ______a foreign language isn't easy.
- 3 My favourite winter sport is _____.
- 4 ______ three times a week keeps me fit.
- 5 I prefer _____ in the town to _____ in the country.
- 6 I hate _____ goodbye.
- 7 _____ too fast is really dangerous.
- 8 Your _____ is delicious.

Whose or Who's? / Possessive pronouns

- **11** Complete the sentences with *whose* or *who's*.
 - 1 A <u>Who's</u> coming shopping with me?
 - B I am.
 - 2 A _____ pink bag is this?
 - B It's mine.
 - 3 A ______ sitting next to Tom? good group and a B Julia.
 - 4 A _____ the owner of the red car, registration MK17 DFH?
 - B Oops! Sorry! That's me.
 - 5 A ______ father comes from Canada?
 - **B** Bill's.
 - 6 A ______ is the car outside?
 - B It's theirs.
 - 7 A ______ sitting here?
 - **B** I think Grace is. She's gone outside for a minute.



10.3 Listen and check.

- **12** Rewrite the sentences with a possessive pronoun.
- 1
 It's my bike.
 It's <u>mine</u>.

 2
 That's your drink.
 That's ______.

 3
 It's Tom's cat.
 It's ______.

 4
 This is Anna's phone.
 It's ______.

 5
 It's our dog.
 It's ______.

 www.pardistall's full france Pete's house.
 It's ______.

Moments in time

13 It is 13.00 in London on June 1. Write the correct city, LA or Tokyo, for the times below.

a ____ 21.00 b ____ 05.00

14 Read the text. <u>Underline</u> the correct form of the verb.



It's strange to think that when you are waking up in the morning, someone else in another part of the world is going to bed! The differences in time zones around the world can be just one hour, or twelve. We're all living the same moments, but at different times of the day!

It's 5.00 p.m. GMT on a Friday afternoon. So who is doing what, where, right now?



Darren ¹*lives | is living* and ²*works | is working* in London. He's a bus driver for London Transport, and ³*drives | is driving* double decker buses from Monday to Friday.

It's a cold, grey afternoon in London, and Darren's bus ⁴gets / is getting quite full because people ⁵leave / are leaving work for the day and it ⁶rains / 's raining. He ⁷drives / 's driving past the Houses of Parliament, and Big Ben is chiming five o'clock.

Darren usually ⁸*finishes / is finishing* work at 6.00 p.m. He ⁹*has / is having* a dog called Molly, and he always ¹⁰*takes / is taking* her for a walk when he gets home.



Carrie is an actress and a waitress. She ¹¹*has / is having* a small apartment in Los Angeles (LA). She ¹²*wants / 's wanting* to be a full-time actor, but it's difficult to find work. Today, she ¹³*works / 's working* as a waitress and she ¹⁴*serves / 's serving* customers at the Hollywood Diner in LA.

LA is eight hours behind London, so people ¹⁵*don't finish | aren't finishing* work, they ¹⁶*just start | are just starting*. It's nine o'clock in the morning and Carrie ¹⁷*serves | is serving* breakfast. She ¹⁸*also tries | 's also trying* to learn her lines for an audition in the afternoon. It's for a big part in a film. She really ¹⁹*wants | is wanting* this part. She ²⁰*doesn't like | isn't liking* her job at the diner.



Keiko is an English teacher. She ²¹*teaches I is teaching* at a junior high school in Tokyo. Japan is 8 hours ahead of London, so in Tokyo it's one o'clock on Saturday morning.

Keiko ²²works / is working very hard and she's very tired, but she can't sleep because there's a huge storm outside and it ²³rains / 's raining. At the moment, she ²⁴reads / 's reading a book and ²⁵listens / is listening to music. She ²⁶waits / 's waiting for the storm to finish so she can go to sleep. At least it's Saturday today and there's no school.

15 Complete the questions.

- 1 'What _____ Darren _____?' 'He's a bus driver.'
- 2 'Why _____ the bus _____ full?' 'Because people are leaving work.'
- 3 'Where _____ Darren _____?' 'He lives in London.'
- 4 'What time _____ he usually _____ work?' 'At 6.00 p.m.'
- 5 '_____ Carrie _____ in a big house?' 'No, she doesn't. She lives in a small apartment.'
- 6 'What _____ Carrie _____ now?' 'She's serving breakfast.'

- 7 '_____ she _____ her job at the diner?' 'No, she doesn't. She wants to be an actress.'
- 8 '_____ Keiko teach?' 'She teaches at a junior high school.'
- 9 '_____ she _____ hard?' 'Yes, she does. That's why she's tired.'
- 10 '_____ Keiko _____?' 'She's reading and listening to music.'
- •) 10.4 Listen and check.

Vocabulary **Describing people**

Read and complete the descriptions using a word from the boxes.



suit coat curly boots scarf shoes short shirt hat socks



Val

Richard

- 1 Gareth is wearing a grey '_____ with a white '____ and a tie. He's also wearing black 3_____ and white 4_____. He's got dark 5_____ hair. He's very handsome.
- 2 Val is wearing a long grey 1 _____ with black 2 _____. She's also wearing a ³_____ and a ⁴_____. She's got big eyes and ⁵_____ fair hair. She's quite young.



leggings jeans fair tall jumper white black T-shirt trainers beard





- 3 Susie is wearing grey 1 _____ and 2 _____ shoes with a stripy 3_____. She's got long 4_____ hair. She isn't very ⁵_____. She's quite pretty.
- 4 Richard is wearing '_____ and a 2_____ 3____. He's also wearing 4 _____ with black socks. He's very tall. He's got a ^s_____ and short dark hair.

Everyday English Social expressions (2)

1 Match a line in A with a line in B.

A

- 1 I forgot to call you last night! Sorry!
- 2 Dave and I are getting married!
- 3 Can I speak to Jenny, please?
- 4 Can I help you?
- 5 I can't go out tonight. Sorry.
- 6 Would you like to go to the cinema?
- 7 The printer isn't working.
- 8 Have a safe journey home!
- 9 We're going out to a restaurant.
- 10 Diego told me that I'm 'guapa'.
- 11 I failed my driving test. 12 My goldfish died.
- В a _____ No thanks, I'm just looking. b _1_ Don't worry. It doesn't matter. c _____ Never mind. Maybe another time. d _____ What does that mean? I hope it's good! e _____ Congratulations! That's great news! f _____ Thanks! It was great seeing you! g _____ Sorry, she's having a shower right now. h _____ It's because there isn't any paper in it. _____ Have a good meal! _____ Oh dear! How sad. k _____ Not again! That's the fourth time! 1 _____ I'd love to!

(1) 10.5 Listen and check.

2 Now continue the conversations using a line in C.

С	
m_1	I didn't get home until quite late anyway.
n	I'm free on Friday if that's any good.
o	Oh, I think there's some in the cupboard.
р	Yes, I think it means 'beautiful'.
q	Could you give her a message?
r	Well, it means I'm getting lots of practice!
s	Lovely to see you too.
t	Well, let me know if you need anything.
u	Yes, it is. I'm going to get another one.
v	Yes, we're planning it for next summer.
w	It starts at 7.30 so we could meet up at 7?
x	We will.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

- 1 Underline the correct adverbs.
 - 1 Rob is having a shower often / at the moment.
 - 2 Lucy sometimes / at the moment plays tennis on Saturday.
 - 3 I'm eating my dinner now / today. Can I call you later / now?
 - 4 I never / always eat tomatoes. They're disgusting!
 - 5 The printer isn't working at the moment / this afternoon. Sorry!
 - 6 We sometimes / later / every day go to the cinema on Friday night.
 - 7 She works in the restaurant every day / today.
 - 8 Pete's in bed today / every day because he isn't feeling very well.
- 2 Rewrite the sentences using -ing as a noun.
 - 1 It isn't easy to learn Chinese. Learning Chinese isn't easy.
 - 2 It's fun to play tennis.
 - 3 It's important to study for your exams.
 - 4 It's interesting to go to different countries.
 - 5 It's useful to speak English.

his (x2) our my

3 Complete the chart with the words from the box.

their

yours

hers

mine

Subject	Possessive adjective	Possessive pronoun
1	my	mine
you	. Inst	yours
he		
she		navez (Centra e pieze
we		
they		unerski nee nadara

4 Write in, at, or on.				
1 _	in	bed		
2 .		the train		
3 .		holiday		
4 .		Sophie's house		
5 .		a meeting		
6		the kitchen		
7.		work		
8 .		the office		
9		university		
10		his way home		
11		hospital		
12		_ the airport		

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

dress old fair trousers socks tall curly hair coat jacket young beard boots short shorts green eyes long hair a top

Clothes	Appearance
dress	old

C Go online to Check your progress.

Going for it!

- going to future plans and predictions
- Infinitive of purpose
- going to future intentions
- The weather
- Making suggestions

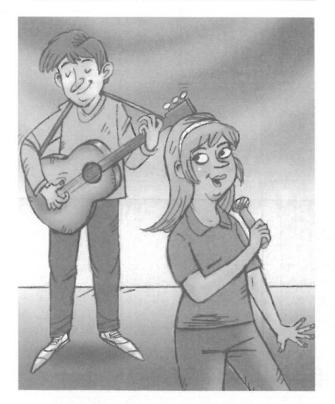
Grammar

going to - future plans

1 Write a sentence about what these people are going to be, using the words from the box.

chef accountant teacher athletes in a band

- 1 Sally is great with children. She's going to be a teacher.
- 2 Simon loves cooking.
- 3 Alice is very good with numbers.
- 4 Janet and Mel can run really fast.
- 5 Matt is a good guitarist, and Sue has a good voice.



Questions and negatives

- **2** Write questions using the correct form of *going to* and the prompts in brackets.
 - 1 I'm going to a party next week. (What / you / wear?) What are you going to wear?
 - 2 Some friends are coming to dinner. (What / you / cook?)
 - 3 We're going to the cinema tonight. (What / you / see?)
 - 4 Pete and Val are going to Paris. (Where / they / stay?)
 - 5 Alex got As in all his exams. (What / he / study / next year?)
 - 6 They're buying a new car. (What make / buy?)

11.1 Listen and check.

- **3** Answer the questions in exercise **2** with a negative sentence and a positive sentence, using the prompts.
 - 1 not a skirt / a dress
 <u>I'm not going to wear a skirt. I'm going to wear a dress.</u>
 - 2 not meat / fish
 - 3 a spy film / not a comedy
 - 4 Spain / not Greece
 - 5 maths / not history
 - 6 not Volkswagen / Toyota

70 Unit 11 · Going for it!

going to and the Present Continuous

With the verbs go and come, we usually use the Present Continuous. We're going to Paris next week. Joe and Tim are coming for lunch tomorrow. NOT We're going to go ... They're going to come ...

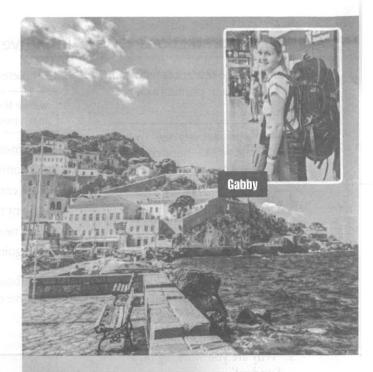
4 Gabby is going on holiday. Look at the chart. Make questions and answers about her holiday plans using *going to*.

1	Where's she going?	
	She <u>'s going to the Greek islands</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2	How	
	She	·
3	Where's	;
	She	kunoo bari yeb yau(bilo8 p
4	Howlong	
	She	· .
5	What	?
	She	

- **5** Claire and Bill are going to Zagreb next month. Look at the chart in 4 and complete the conversation. Use *going to* or the Present Continuous.
 - A Hi guys! Where are you going on holiday this year?
 - B 'We're going to Zagreb, the capital of Croatia.
 - A Wow! Sounds interesting! How 2_____ to travel there?
 - B By plane. There are lots of really cheap flights.
 - A Where ³______ to stay?
 - C We're ⁴_____ at the Jadran Hotel. It's only ten minutes from Zagreb Cathedral.
 - A That's nice. How long ⁵_____ for?
 - C For a week.
 - A And what ⁶______ to do when you're there?
 - B Bill ⁷______ visit all the museums and churches and I ______ the local beer!
 - C We *______ to a big music festival. There are lots of good bands playing.

11.2 Listen and compare.

- 6 Complete the negative sentences.
 - 1 **Claire and Bill <u>aren't going to</u>** Russia. They're going to Croatia.
 - 2 They _____ by train. They're going by plane.
 - 3 They _____ with a family. They're going to stay in a hotel.
 - 4 Gabby ______ to Spain. She's going to Greece.
 - 5 She ______ by train. She's going by plane and ferry.
 - 6 She ______ visit old churches. She's going to relax.



	Gabby	Claire and Bill
1 Where/go	Greek islands	Zagreb, Croatia
2 How/travel	plane and ferry	plane
3 Where/stay	in a tent	Jadran Hotel
4 How long/stay	two weeks	one week
5 What/do	relax, swim, and read	visit St Mark's Church, go to a music festival



going to - predictions

7 Complete the sentences with *going* to and a verb or phrase from the box.

late win a lovely day miss a difficult week happen have a baby

- 1 'What time is it?'
 'It's 8.00! Get out of bed! You <u>'re</u> going to be late !'
- 2 'What's the football score?' 'Liverpool 5, Arsenal 1. And there's only another ten minutes to play. Liverpool
- 3 'Why are you working on a Sunday?'

'I have exams on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. It ______.

4 'Did you see the weather forecast?' 'Yes. It

go for a picnic.

- 6 'Are you reading a book at the moment?'

'Yes. It's a thriller. It's great – I have no idea what

_____ in the end.'

. Let's

7 'Did you see Silvia last weekend? She looks really well, doesn't she?
'Yes, and she _______in a few months!'

11.3 Listen and check.

Infinitive of purpose

8 Complete the sentences with *to* and an action from the box.

watch the news open the door make an appointment learn how to drive study English buy some bread and milk

- 1 I turned on the TV to watch the news
- 2 I phoned the dentist _____
- 3 Jose came to England _____
- 4 I went to the supermarket _____
- 5 You need this key _____
- 6 I'm going to a driving school _____
- 9 Read about Bob's busy day, and complete the sentences below, using an infinitive of purpose.



Bob's business trip

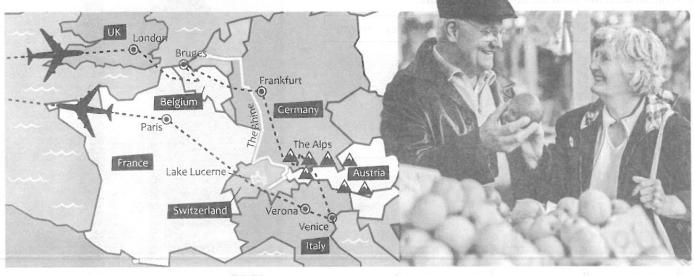
Last Tuesday, Bob was busy getting ready to go on a business trip to Geneva. He got up early to start his packing, and then he went online and he downloaded his boarding pass. Next, he spoke to his neighbour to ask her to feed the cat. Then he went to the bank to collect Swiss francs for his trip. When he got home, he rang for a taxi to take him to the airport. Then he went to his desk to get his passport and his laptop. At eleven o'clock, he left to go to the airport. In the taxi he read his emails to check the time of the meeting the next day. When he read his emails, he realized that the meeting was at eleven o'clock that day!

1 He got up early to start his packing

- 2 He went online _____
- 3 He asked his neighbour _____
- 4 He went to the bank _____
- 5 He rang a taxi _____
- 6 He went to his desk _____
- 7 He read his emails ____
 - www.pardistalk.ir/library

going to - future intentions

10 Jim and Edna Biggs are from the US. They are planning a trip to Europe. Complete the text using the correct form of *going to*, and a verb from the boxes.



Seven countries in seven days!

start buy order look spend take have fly

THE USA TO THE UK

They '*'re flying* to London where they ²_____ their European trip. They're ³_____ the first night at the Ritz Hotel where they stayed on their honeymoon, all those years ago.

'I remember the Ritz was so romantic, says Edna, 'There were red roses in our bedroom.'

"This time, I'm 4______ a bottle of Moët et Chandon champagne,' says Jim. 'Only the best for Edna.'

UK TO BELGIUM

From London, they ⁵______ the Eurostar train to Bruges. 'I remember Bruges was like Disneyland', says Edna, 'so pretty, with its churches and market squares. I ⁶______ lots of Belgian chocolate to take home. Mmm!'

BELGIUM TO GERMANY

Then they're travelling by coach to Frankfurt and going on an evening cruise on the River Rhine. 'We '______a romantic dinner on the cruise' says Edna, 'I*______at the stars and remember our honeymoon forty years ago.'

need practise drive go have v	isit
-------------------------------	------

GERMANY TO AUSTRIA

After that, they're hiring a car and they ⁹_____ along Germany's famous 'Romantic Road' through the Alps to Austria. 'I'm a bit nervous about driving in the mountains', says Jim.

AUSTRIA TO ITALY AND SWITZERLAND

From Austria, they're going to Venice, where they ¹⁹______ coffee in the famous Piazza San Marco. Next, Verona, where they ¹¹______ Romeo and Juliet's balcony. Then they're going to drive to Switzerland and spend the night by the beautiful Lake Lucerne.

SWITZERLAND TO FRANCE

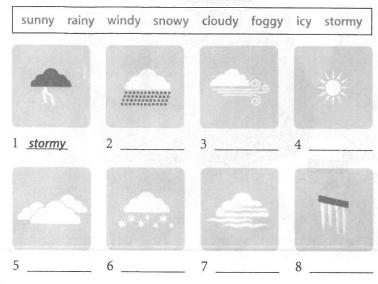
The next day, they're taking the autoroute to Paris. 'I ''______ my French in Paris', says Edna. 'I'm having French lessons at home.'

FRANCE TO THE USA

'I think we ¹⁴_____ a holiday when we get home!', says Edna.

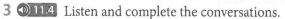
The weather

1 Write an adjective from the box under a picture.



2 Write an adjective from the box next to a picture.





5

- 1 A What's the weather like today?
 - B It's warm and sunny.
- 2 A What's the weather _____ where you are? B It _____.

6

- 3 A What ______ the weather like yesterday? B It ______.
- 4 A What's the weather forecast for tomorrow? B It's ______ to be ______.

Everyday English

Making suggestions



1 **●**11.5 Lara and Tim are on holiday. Listen and tick (✓) what they decide to do today.

go into town
go sailing
go sightseeing
go to the beach
go to the swimming pool
go shopping
have lunch in the old town
go swimming

2 (11.5) Listen again. Complete the lines from the conversation.

- A What shall we do today?
- B Why ______ to the beach again? I ______ to go swimming.
- A ______ something different today!
- A Well, we ______ into town. Why ______ a bus after breakfast? And I ______ at some shops.
- B And then in the afternoon _______to the beach!
- A Perfect! ______ straight after breakfast.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the sentences prepositions from the box.

than from into in of (x2) at for (x2) with (x2)

- 1 I'm looking for Peter. Do you know where he is?
- 2 France is much bigger _____ England.
- 3 Our hotel is 50 metres _____ the sea.
- 4 What's the longest river _____ the world?
- 5 Let's go out _____ dinner! I feel like some Italian food.
- 6 Look _____ this photo _____ me on holiday!
- 7 Let's go _____ town and go shopping.
- 8 Thank you for the present. It was very kind _____ you.
- 9 I have a problem _____ my neighbours.
- 10 Can you help me _____ this exercise?'

2 Complete the sentences with the correct answer.

- 1 I'm going <u>to get</u> my hair cut tomorrow. a get **b** to get
- 2 I need a dictionary _____ me with new words.a for helpb to help
- a tor netp b to netp
- 3 My daughter _____ live in Australia.
- a is going to b are going to
- 4 'How are you going to _____ to the airport?' 'By taxi.' a got b get
- 5 I went into town _____ my friends.
- a for to meet **b** to meet
- 6 I _____ the party. I'm too tired. a not go to **b** 'm not going to
- 7 Polly went shopping _____ some new clothes.
 a bought b to buy
- 8 1 _____ chocolate for a month because I'm on a diet.
 a not eating b 'm not going to eat
- 9 1 lived in France for six months _____ French.a and learn b to learn
- 10 I go to work _____ money. a for to earn b to earn

Vocabulary

1 Put the words and phrases in the correct column.

foggy ferry visiting museums taxi sightseeing eating in restaurants cloudy icy windy sunbathing stormy Eurostar bus evening cruise swimming in the sea rainy plane

Weather	Things you do on holiday	Types of transport		
foggy	CONTRACTOR OF DATA PROPERTY AND	ferry deno modalese no sta sodioba(J		
	 Research and the second se			
	interference for severy com	New York, P <u>PPP</u> Mendozi, Asgens New York, Kien (1994		

- 2 Include one of the words or phrases from exercise 1 to complete the sentences.
 - 1 The quickest way to travel is usually by *plane*.
 - 2 It's going to be a _____ day. Make sure you take an umbrella.
 - 3 We took the ______ from London to Paris. It's great because it takes you right into the centre of Paris.
 - 4 On city breaks, my husband loves ______ He's very interested in national history. I prefer ______. I love trying different food.
 - 5 Have you got your headlights on? It's so ______, I can't see a thing!
 - 6 We love an _____ down the River Seine in Paris. It's so romantic looking at the stars.
 - 7 A I'll never get to the station in time. I'm going to miss my train!
 - B Don't worry I'll phone for a ____

Go online to Check your progress.



Have you ever ...?

- Present Perfect and Past Simple
- ever, never, yet, and just
- been or gone?

- get and take
- Transport and travel

Grammar

Present Perfect and Past Simple

1 Read about **Graham Clark**, a man who loves wine. Underline the correct verb form.

Themanwhoboughtavhayardl

Nine years ago, Graham Clark, a bank manager from New York, '<u>went</u> / has gone on a two-week holiday to Mendoza, Argentina's main wine region. He ²didn't return / hasn't returned at the end of his holiday, and ³lived / has lived in Mendoza for nine years!

So what happened to make Graham move from New York to Mendoza?

"Well, "I really enjoyed / have enjoyed working in a vineyard when I was a student, but I "thought / 've thought other people owned vineyards, not someone like me', says Graham.

'On my first day in Mendoza, I ^smet / have met Pablo and Lucia Perez. They 'owned / have owned vineyards in Mendoza for over thirty years! They 'bought / have bought a small vineyard when they got married and they told me it was the best thing they've ever done! They now have one of the largest vineyards in Argentina.'

So Graham ⁹decided / has decided to leave his life in New York. He ¹⁰bought / has bought 250 acres of land,

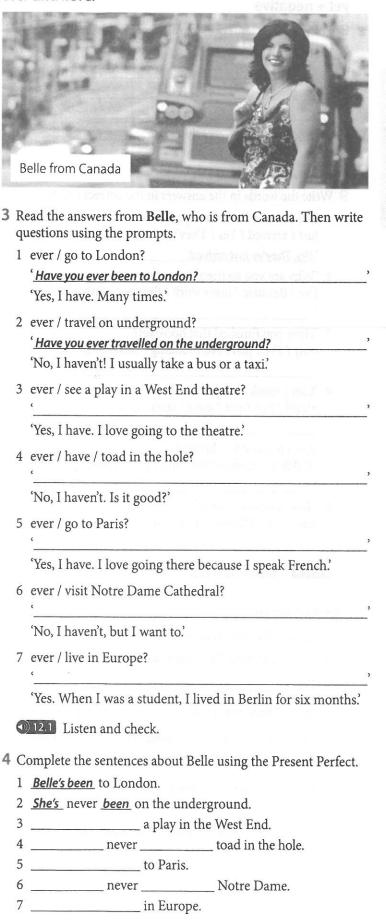


and, helped by Pablo, he "opened / has opened 'Vines of Mendoza' in 2010. Since then, he '2bought / has bought even more land and now owns three vineyards. Graham produces some of the best wine in Argentina and he '3won / has won lots of awards.

'I ¹⁴*didn't have / haven't had* any regrets. Owning a vineyard ¹⁵*was / has been* a wonderful experience,' says Graham. 'I was so lucky to meet Pablo and Lucia all those years ago. They ¹⁶*told / have told* me to go for it – and I did!

- **2** Complete the sentences about the text with the Present Perfect or Past Simple form of the verb in brackets.
 - 1 Graham first ______ to spend two weeks in Mendoza. (*plan*)
 - 2 He _____ back to his life in New York. (never go)
 - 3 Pablo and Lucia Perez ______ in Mendoza for a long time. (*live*)
- 4 They _____ married over thirty years ago. (*get*)
- 5 Pablo and Lucia ______ buying a vineyard. (never regret)
- 6 Graham _____ three vineyards since 2010. (*buy*)
- 7 Graham _____ working in vineyards. (*always enjoy*)

ever and never



Time expressions

- **5** Complete the sentences using the Past Simple and the time expression in brackets.
 - I've seen the film. (yesterday)
 I <u>saw</u> the film <u>yesterday</u>.
 - 2 I've met Daniel Craig. (*two years ago*) I ______ him in a restaurant
 - 3 I've read the Harry Potter books. (*last year*) I ______ them all
 - 4 I've been to China. (*in 2004*) I ______ there _____
 - 5 I've had dinner. (*before I came to class*) I______ a pizza____
 - 6 I've booked a holiday in Spain. (*last night*) I ______ it online _____
 - 7 I've lived in Paris. (*when I was 20*) I ______ there _____
 - 8 I've done my homework. (*after I got home*) I ______ it _____.
 - 9 I've run the London Marathon (*last month*) I ______ it _____.
- 10 I've written six job applications (*three weeks ago*)
 - I _____ them _____.

Pronunciation

- 6 12.2 Listen and circle the past participle that sounds different.
 - 1 seen been sent eaten
 - 2 told got cost lost
 - 3 brought caught taught known
 - 4 left dreamt felt heard
 - 5 <u>wri</u>tten <u>dri</u>ven <u>hi</u>dden drawn
 - 6 won shut put swum
 - 7 grown flown lost chosen
 - 8 stood put looked built

yet + question

7 Freddy is always late in the morning. Write his mother's questions using the prompts.





1 get out of bed

MumFreddy! Have you got out of bed yet?FreddyYes, Mum!

2 get dressed Mum Freddy Err ... No, Mum. brush your teeth 3 Mum Freddy No, Mum. make your bed 4 Mum Freddy Yes, Mum! 5 have a shower Mum Freddy No, Mum. pack your school bag 6 Mum Freddy No, Mum. Well, hurry up! You're going to be very Mum late for school!

yet + negative

8 Complete the sentences about what Freddy hasn't done yet.

- 1 He <u>hasn't got</u> dressed <u>yet</u>.
- 2 ______ teeth _____. 3 ______ breakfast _____. 4 ______ shower _____.
- 5 ______ school bag ______.

just

9 Write the words in the answers in the correct order.

- 1 'Are Pat and Peter here yet?' just / arrived / Yes / They've
 - ' Yes. They've just arrived.
- 2 'Why are you so tired?' I've / Because / just / work / finished / only
- 3 'Have you finished that book yet?' only / I've / just / No / reading / started / it
- 4 'Can I speak to Zoe?' and part to contain a set three afraid / just / out / gone / she's / I'm
- 5 'Am I too late for dinner?' sit down! / Come / No / and / just / We've / started
- 6 'Your hair's very nice!' just / I've / Thanks / had / cut / it

€ 12.4 Listen and check.

been or gone?

10 Complete the sentences with *been* or *gone*.

- 1 Anna's not here. She's gone to work.
- 2 I've _____ to this restaurant lots of times.
- 3 Sorry, Diego isn't in. He's _____ to the shop.
- 4 The office is empty. Everybody has _____ home.
- 5 It's good to see you again! Where have you _____?
- 6 Do you like my hair? I've just _____ to the hairdresser's.
- 7 Sue's ______ to Paris for three weeks. She'll be back soon.

12.3 Listen and check.

Past Simple and Present Perfect

11 Read about Josie Dew, and underline the correct form of the verb.

Josie Dew - A cycling legend

When Josie Dew was young, she fell out of a car! Although she learned to drive when she was 17, she didn't have her own car until she was 41, because she preferred to cycle everywhere. She *rode / has ridden* more miles than most of us will ever drive!



The beginning

Josie was still at primary school when she decided she ²wanted / has wanted to travel. So when she was 11, she ³started / she has started to go for long bike rides, and began cycling 40 to 50 miles every day.

Josie *now cycled / has now cycled hundreds of thousands of miles. She *visited / 's visited over 50 countries and she *wrote / 's written seven books about her cycling experiences. She *also had / 's also had three children, Molly, Daisy, and Jack – Josie *was / has been a very busy woman!

Her seven books

Josie's first book, *The Wind in my Wheels*, ⁹*came out / has come out* in 1992. In this book, Josie ¹⁹*wrote / has written* stories about her travels across four continents and thirty-six countries, when she ¹¹*rode / has ridden* an amazing 80,000 miles! Josie ¹²*wrote / has written* another five books between 1992 and 2003.

In 2004, she ¹³spent / has spent nine months travelling around New Zealand. In 2006, after she ¹⁴had / has had her first child, Molly, she wrote her seventh book, Long Cloud Ride, about her incredible adventures in New Zealand.

Cycling with a family

Having three children hasn't stopped Josie from cycling – she ¹⁵ was / has been busier than ever!

When Molly ¹⁶ was / has been a tiny baby, Josie cycled 3,000 miles with Molly strapped to her bike. When Daisy was born in 2010, she still ¹⁷ managed / has managed to cycle 6,500 miles! Her third child, Jack, was born in 2013, a few hours after she ¹⁸ finished / has finished a cycle ride!

The future

Josie ¹⁹had / has had her own official website for many years now, and writes blogs for it. People are interested

in how cycling, and not driving everywhere, works with family life. This year, they ²⁰ spent / have spent the summer holidays in the Netherlands. And what about next year? Who knows? Josie is now in her fifties, but she has lots of cycling adventures still to come.



get

1 Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

married better wet dressed bored ready

- 1 I'm still in my pyjamas. I haven't got dressed yet.
- 2 My mother was quite ill, but she's getting _____ now.
- 3 Martin and I are engaged. We're getting _____ next spring.
- 4 I hate listening to conversations about politics. I get so
- 5 It rained yesterday. On my way home I got very ____
- 6 'It's time to go!' 'I'm still getting _____.'

2 Complete the sentences with get in the correct form.

- 1 Last night I left work at 7.00 and got home at 8.00.
- 2 How long does it take to _____ to the airport?
- 3 My train leaves at 11.00 and _____ to London at 2.30.
- 4 Have a great holiday! Give me a ring when you _____ back.
- 5 How many presents did you _____ for your birthday?

3 What does get mean in these sentences? Write receive, buy, find, fetch, or catch.

- 1 Where did you get those jeans?
- 2 What did you get for your birthday? get = _____
- 3 I have no money, but I can't get a job!
- 4 Sally's ill! Quick! Get a doctor! get = _____

get = **buy**

get = _____

5 'Did you walk here?' 'No, I got the bus.' get = ____

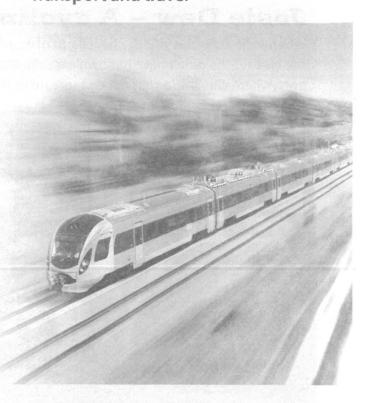
take

4 Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

easy place test time off photo taxi

- 1 The wedding took *place* in an old church.
- 2 The quickest way home is to take a _____
- 3 'It's very hot in here'. 'Take ______ your jumper'.
- 4 We took an English _____ yesterday.
- 5 I took this ______ of my kids on holiday last year. Aren't they cute?
- 6 It takes a long ______ to build a business years and years.
- 7 When I'm on holiday, I like to relax and take it _____

Everyday English



Match a line in **A** with a line in **B**.

A

- 1 Is our plane boarding yet?
- 2 Do you need to check in?
- 3 How many bags are you checking in?
- 4 Passengers in rows 11–20 please board now.
- 5 Does this bus go to the British Museum?
- 6 A return ticket to Brighton, please.
- 7 Can I get a day's travel card?
- 8 Which platform does it go from?

В		
a _		_ That's us. We're in row 12.
b _	1	Yes, they've just announced it. Gate 17. Come on!
с		_ Are you coming back today?
d _		No, you need the next bus coming, the 36.
e _		Platform 7. It's on the other side.
f _	2	Yes. You can use it on the train, the underground, and on buses.
g _		_ Just this one.
h _		No, I've already done it online.

12.5 Listen and check.

2 Match the comparative adjective with its opposite. (10 marks)

comparative	opposit	opposite				
1 cheaper	614 a	_ dirtier				
2 newer	b	_ easier				
3 faster	c	_ worse				
4 safer	d	_ more expensive				
5 more difficult	e	slower				
6 better	f	_ more boring				
7 cleaner	g	_ older				
8 more interesting	h	further				
9 colder	i	_ warmer				
10 nearer	j	_ more dangerous				

3 <u>Underline</u> the word or phrase that is different. (15 marks)

1	big	expensive	more modern	clever
2	in	on	at	through
3	block of flats	house	church	mountain
4	roundabout	traffic lights	pedestrian crossing	statue
5	airport	bus stop	railway station	university
6	pilot	actor	postman	sister
7	Tokyo	London	France	Los Angeles
8	dress	shoes	trainers	boots
9	scarf	gloves	coat	shorts
10	curly	fair	tall	long
11	good looking	handsome	pretty	old
12	ferry	plane	train	car park
13	warm	icy	sunny	hot
14	wet	snowy	rainy	dry
15	get up	have a shower	get dressed	get ready

Everyday English

4 Complete the sentences with the correct words. (15 marks) 1 A Excuse me, is there a chemist's near here? B Turn right the traffic lights and it's the right, opposite the bank. 2 A Where's the petrol station? **B** Go _____ the bend, the hill, and it's at the bottom. 3 A Can I _____ you? B No thanks. I'm just ____ 4 A I'm married! ! That's fantastic B news! 5 A What's the weather today? B It's cold and wet. 6 A What's the weather forecast _____tomorrow? B It ______ to be hot and sunny. 7 A Have you_ been to New York? B Yes, I have. It's an amazing city. 8 A Is George here _____ ? B Yes, he's just arrived. 9 A How many bags are you B Just the one. 10 A A _____ ticket to Manchester, please. B Are you coming back today?

 SCORE
 40

 TOTAL
 70

Answer key

		and that the second second second second			
U	ni	t 1 Nice to meet you!	4		mother's
		abulary			sister's brother's
	2	We're Chinese			cat's
		She's Italian	5	3	
		They're Egyptian I'm Spanish		1	P is
	6	He's Brazilian	_		
		They're French	6		go live
G	rar	nmar			live
1	1	A Hello. My name's Lisa. What's your		6 7	go have
		name? B Gabriel.			like
		A Where are you from, Gabriel?	V	oca	abulary
		B l'm from Brazil.	1		cross
		A Oh! Where in Brazil are you from?B From Rio de Janeiro.			brother
		A Rio de Janeiro's amazing! Well, nice to			sister
		meet you, Gabriel.			wife son
	2	B Thank you. And you.A Hello. What's your first name?		11	
		B My name's Carla.		15	children
		A And what's your <i>surname</i> ? B Perkins.			
		A How do you spell that?			
		B P-E-R-K-I-N-S.	2	2	cold
		A And where are you from, Carla? B 1'm from Oxford.			old
		A Thank you very much.			good young
2	1	Carla		6	easy
		A What's her surname?		7	small nice
		B Perkins. A What's her first name?	7		
		B Carla.	3	1	sunny difficult
		A Where's she from? B She's from Oxford, England.		3	friendly
		A How old is she?			beautiful interestin
		B She's 25.			lovely
		A What's <i>her</i> phone number? B 01764 293880.	4	2	houses
		A What's her email address?		3	Ellie
		B cperkins@mailsnet.com A ls she married?		4	76 children
		B No, she isn't.			
	2	Gabriel		7	go
		A What's his surname? B Santos.			like
		A What's his first name?	5		Joe George
		B Gabriel. A Where's <i>he</i> from?			Sandra
		B He's from Brazil.	E١	/ei	yday En
		A How old is he?	1		school
		B He's 19.A What's his phone number?			Can
		B 934 298 701.			day
		A What's his email address? B gsantos@mails.com			help this
		A <i>ls he</i> married?		7	on
		B No, he isn't.		8	Sleep
3		l'm	2		4
		l'm not They're		3 4	5 8
	6	They aren't		5	3
		It's			

8 It isn't

1	2 3 4 5	sister's
5	3 4 5	is P is
5		
1	oca	abulary
	3 8 9 10 11	ross brother sister wife son nephew children
2	3 4 5 6	cold old good young easy small nice
3	4 5	sunny difficult friendly beautiful interesting lovely
1	3 4	houses Ellie 76 children Marganne go like
5	2 3 4	Joe George Sandra
	ver	yday English
1	3 4 5 6 7 8	day help this on Sleep
2	2	4

REVIEW

Grammar

	Short form	Negative	Question
lam	ľm	l'm not	Am I ?
You are	You're	You aren't	Are you ?
He/ She is	He's/ She's	He isn't/ She isn't	ls he/ she ?
We are	We're	We aren't	Are we ?
They are	They're	They aren't	Are they i

2 2 my

6 is 7 P 8 P

Down 1 mother

2 aunt

6 niece

12 parents

13 father 14 uncle

4 husband

5 grandmother

7 grandfather

	3	Her
	4	thei
	5	The
	6	His
	7	you
	8	our

1

Vocabulary

their

Their

your

А	day
E	
I	Hi!
0	
U	
R	car
G	
J	day
0	VOU

- Q you Y my
- Z bed
- 2 1 ALICE
 - 2 BISHOP
 - 3 KELLY
 - 4 LIZ JONES 5 pnash@tmail.com
 - 6 jennyblack@bz.com

3 2 a French name

- 3 an English university
- 4 an international language
- 5 an Italian city
- 6 a Japanese TV

Unit 2 Work and family life

Grammar

1	1	He travels a lot.	

- 2 She works in a hospital. She wears a uniform.
- 3 He interviews people. He writes news stories.
- 4 She works in a kitchen. She cooks Italian food.
- 5 She studies history. She goes to classes every day.
- 6 He works outside. He lives in the country.
- 2 2 lives

67

71

8 2

	f g	260 810 2,000 15,000		9 10 11 12	b c b	18 19 20 21	c a b c	
2	b c d e	one thirteen seventy-three eighty-nine a hundred and fifty One thousand, five h	undred and twelve	13 14	a c c a b autumn	22 23	b a c	
3	a b c d	308 51 28 670 1,500 two and a half		2 3 4 5 6 7	December chef student summer winter January			
4	c d e f g	£10 £6.50 80p €100 €58 \$450 \$12		10 11 12 13 14	play flight attendant go October walk farmer do teacher			
5	3 4 5	The book is £7.99. The TV is \$499. The shoes are €145. The sunglasses are £ The magazine is £1.7		3 4 5	bedroom bath bed fruit Italy			
RI 1		are		7 8	Paris Germany parents			
2	4 2 3 4	isn't Is any, aren't those that These		10 11 12 13 14	sister women boring September difficult go to bed going to work			
	4 5 7 8 9 10 2	at in at on		4 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	How, And you /How help, just from, Nice/I'm pleas		you	
	4 5 7 8 9 10 3	diary lipstick lamp key garden tea pot clothes lovely		1 2 3 4 5 6 7	t 5 Super U! can't ride, can't do can bake, can't play can speak, can't play can't ride, can't can ride a motorbik can bake cakes	У		
1	5 6 7 8 9	horrible bad fantastic fabulous terrible really bad wonderful		2 2 3 4 5 6	can do card tricks can can't Can can't Can can, can't			
	0 1 2 3 4	c b	1-4 5 a 6 b 7 c 8 a	3 2 3 4	can't Can Peter run, he ca Can Alice cook, she Can you ride, can't, Can you do, can	can		

4	3 4 5 6 7 8	I can speak Germai He can speak Russi We can look after o I can sing really we They can't ski at all I can understand A	an a little bit. burselves very well. II.
5	1 2 3 4	lamps TV glasses table	
6	2 3	£99.99 £379.99 £65 £410	
7	3	were was were was	
8	3 4 5	Could couldn't couldn't couldn't could, Could	
9	3 4 5	couldn't was can't weren't can't	
	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	wasn't wasn't Was Were weren't was was was was was could was	
11	3 4 5 6	musician student three the earth went rou at home see	nd the sun
12		Italian. An astronomer and 1564. The University of P. No, he wasn't. Moons going roun and the planet Ven sun. Because they were ideas in the Bible.	adua. d the planet Jupiter us going round the
13	3 4 5	and but because so but because and	

87

1	Across		D	Down	
	3	ride	1	fly	
	5	play	2	jump	
	7	watch	4	eat	
	8	speak	5	phone	
	9	sing	6	dance	
	10	cook	7	walk	
	12	drive	8	swim	
	13	paint	9	sleep	
			11	run	

- 2 2 watch
 - cooks 3
 - 4 swim
 - 5 rides
 - 6 don't eat
 - 7 sleep
 - 8 play
- 3 2 petrol station
 - 3 sun glasses
 - 4 motorway
 - 5 handbag
 - 6 bus stop
 - 7 car park
 - 8 business woman
 - 9 traffic lights 10 book shop / book store

Everyday English

- 1 could you, Of course
- 2 Could I, Of course, Could you
- 3 Can I, Could you, the problem
- 4 could I, Can you, Can I have

REVIEW

Grammar

- 2 She can't speak English.
- 3 Can you play chess?
- 4 They were on holiday in Spain.
- 5 He can't cook at all.
- 6 She could play the piano when she was five.

Vocabulary

ride: a horse, a motorbike run: a marathon, a race send: a text, an email make: dinner, a cake do: your homework, an exam play: chess, football, the piano, the guitar

Unit 6 Lessons in life

1	2	loved
	3	started
	4	looked
	5	needed
	6	worked
	7	asked
	8	offered
	9	moved
	10	missed
	11	scored
	12	received
2	2	did ' a lavo

- 2 did i e love 3 did he start
- 4 did his father work

3 2 didn't play 3 didn't look 4 didn't work 5 didn't stay 4 /t/ /d/ /1d/ offered looked started needed watched played talked received visited stopped moved liked agreed worked scored opened stayed enjoyed travelled died 5 2 watched 3 moved 4 wanted 5 started 6 earned 7 talked 8 died 6 2 yesterday afternoon last year 3 4 last week 5 yesterday evening 6 last September last Friday 7 8 yesterday morning 7 1 two minutes ago 2 this morning yesterday evening 3 4 the day before yesterday 5 last winter ten years ago 6 7 in 1996 8 3 the 4 the 5 1 6 the 7 the, the 8 the 9 -10 the 11 -12 the 9 D Ζ L 5 0 В 0 D D D XL Y 1 5 X Z P R T 0 К Ν 0 G) N A Μ Т

5 did he need

6 did he receive

- 10 2 met 3 left
 - 4 saw 5 bought

6 sent 7 made

- 8 had
- 11 2 went
- 3 became
- 4 sang
- 5 saw
- 6 told 7 met
- 8 took
- 9 got
- 10 had
- 11 sent
- 12 couldn't/could not
- 12 2 he was 17
 - 3 1960
 - 4 200 concerts 5 Abbey Road
 - 6 1970
 - 7 Central Park
- 13 2 did his mother die 3 did John go 4 did The Beatles start 5 did they first go
 - 6 did they stop
 - 7 did John marry
 - 8 did they move
 - 9 did John and Yoko write 10 did Mark Chapman shoot

Vocabulary

1

2	annoyed
3	excited

2	CALICU
4	bored

- 5 tired
- 6 worried
- 7 frightened
- 8 exhausted
- 2,3 2 dr
 - 3 an 4 fq 5 bp
 - 6 gm

7 il 8 e o

9 hj

4 3 bored

- 4 boring 5 excited
- 6 exciting
- 7 annoying
- 9 worried 10 worrying
- 11 exhausted
- 12 exhausting

Everyday English

1	25th	twenty-fifth
	10th	tenth
	1st	first
	19th	nineteenth
	30th	thirtieth

Ν S Ε B) O

M

M

G

D (N)

B DG M

- - 8 annoyed

DW P A 1 W

WIM

S

E

K D К

E T 0 R

A

3rd	third
9th	ninth
5th	fifth
12th	twelfth

- 2 2 5 June 2010
 - 3 23 February 1968
 - 4 12 October 2018
 - 5 19 May 2000 6 27 November 1980
 - 7 4 August 1975
 - 8 15 March 2015
- 3 2 March the tenth
 - 3 May the fifteenth
 - 4 June the second
 - 5 the fourteenth of July
 - 6 the third of August
 - 7 the eighth of September8 the fifth of November

REVIEW

Grammar

- Regular: visit / visited, enjoy / enjoyed, paint / painted, travel / travelled, stay stayed
 Irregular: write / wrote, leave / left,
 - buy / bought, do / did, see / saw, go / went, take / took, have / had, come / came, meet / met
- **2** 2 was
 - 3 Did
 - 4 didn't
 - 5 Were
 - 6 did
 - 7 didn't
 - 8 Were
 - 9 had
 - 10 Did
 - 11 had
 - 12 do
 - 13 Does

Unit 7 Remember when ...

 The Clipper Race is a sailing boat (yacht) race round the world.

2 2 took

- 3 wanted
- 4 started 5 was
- 6 left
- 7 began
- 8 arrived
- 9 felt
- 10 slept 11 applied
- 12 did
- 13 thought
- 3 2 did ... take
 - 3 did ... start
 - 4 did ... leave
 - 5 did ... arrive
 - 6 did ... feel
 - 7 did ... do
 - 8 did ... think
- 4 2 It didn't leave from Southampton. It left from Plymouth.
 - 3 They weren't all men. There were women too.

4 He didn't sail to South Africa. He didn't have enough money.

6 careful

7 slowly

9 beautiful 10 beautifully

8 slow

2 2 early

3 late

4 fast

5 well

2 B card

B party

3 A big day

A ring

B like it

4 B surprise

A your

A my

Grammar

1 2 didn't go

3 didn't pass

4 didn't stay

5 didn't have

6 didn't enjoy

was on holiday.

were too tired.

young.

3 2 didn't go

3 badly

4 on

5 did

6 were

7 slow

Vocabulary

Hollywood

8 didn't work

American, exciting

2 2 What time did you get up this morning?

4 I didn't go to work last week because I

7 We didn't go to Tim's party because we

10 We didn't live in a big house when I was

Adjectives: bad, beautiful, fast, glamorous, rich,

Time expressions: on Saturday, at six o'clock, last

Answer key

89

Adverbs: slowly, early, fast, carefully, quietly

Nouns: cinema, actor, birthday, movie,

year, in 2019, on 20th May

3 I wrote some emails this morning.

5 My parents got married in 1983.

8 I went to university in the 1990s.

9 Why did you go to the shops?

6 Where did you go to school?

REVIEW

A flowers

B in

Everyday English

A came, presents

A invitation, hello

A Goodbye, new

B a present, Here, birthday

1 B Happy, Year

- 5 He didn't meet his wife when he was eighteen. He met her when he was eight.
- 6 He didn't have two children. He just had one daughter.
 7 He didn't win £6,000. He won £5,000.
- 7 He didn't win £6,000. He won £5,000.8 He didn't win his second solo race. He
- came fourth.

5

2	f	8	i 80	
3	С	9	а	
4	h	10	g/e	
5	d	11	k	
6	e/g	12	J	

7 |

6 2 What time did you get up this morning?3 What did you have for dinner last night?

- 4 How did you travel here today?
- 5 How long did it take?
- 6 Who was the girl I saw you with/with you yesterday
- 7 Why did you go home early?
- 8 How much did your phone cost?
- 7 1 2 Did you
 - 3 did you have
 - 4 Was it
 - 2 1 was it
 - 2 How many
 - 3 did Alison wear
 - 4 Did you have
- 8 2 in
- 3 4 in
- 5 at
- 6 -
- 7 on
- 8 in 9 on
- 10 in
- 11 on
- 12 in
- 13 at
- 14 15 in
- 9 2 5 minutes ago
 - 3 3 days ago
 - 4 13 days ago
 - 5 5 months ago
 - 6 a/one week ago
 - 7 10 years ago
- 10 2 did, Pittsburgh, 1905
 - 3 were, 4,000
 - 4 did, half an hour 5 did, Bible
 - 5 ulu, bible
- 11 2 Why, the sunshine and scenery
 - 3 What, Westerns
 - 4 When, 1914
 - 5 How many, About 800 6 Which, Charlie Chaplin
 - 6 Which, Charlie Chaplin 7 When, 1927

www.pardistalk.ir/library

8 Who, Judy Garland

Vocabulary

4 badly

5 carefully

1 3 bad

Unit 8 Love it or hate it!

Vocabulary

- Vegetables: onion, peas, broccoli, carrot Meat: beef, bacon, ham, sausage Fruit: banana, orange, tomato, strawberry, raspberry Dairy products: cheese, butter, yoghurt
- chicken, yoghurt, sausage, pasta
 broccoli, strawberry, raspberry

• • • potato, tomato, banana

3 2 C 10 U 3 U 11 C 4 C 12 U 5 U 13 C 6 U 14 U 7 C 15 C 8 C 16 U 9 U 2 an 4 3 some 4 a, a 5 a 6 a 7 some 8 some 9 an, a 10 some, an Grammar 1 2 likes going

a eating, likes cooking dinner
 a likes swimming, likes sightseeing
 b like reading

-		
2	2	d
	3	а
	4	C
	5	f
	6	g
	7	e
	8	h
3	2	would you like to drink
	3	would you like to go
		would you like to
		would you like to see
	6	
4	1	а
	2	9
	3	b
	4	а
1.75	5	b
	6	а
5	2	'd like
	3	l'd like
	4	Would like
	5	We like
	6	She'd like
	7	Helikes
6	2	any
	3	any

- 3 any 4 some
- 5 any
- 6 any
- 7 any
- 8 some, any

- 9 some
- 10 any
- 7 2 some ice
 - 3 some petrol
 - 4 any stamps 5 any eggs
 - 6 some chips
 - 7 some friends
 - 8 any food
- 8 2 How much
- 3 How much
- 4 How many
- 5 How much
- 6 How many
- 9 He uses so many bad words.
- 10 3 any
 - 4 likes
 - 5 likes
 - 6 loved 7 'd like
 - 8 A lot of
 - 9 like
 - 10 likes
 - 11 doesn't like
 - 12 some
- 11 2 many
 - 3 does, like, meals
 - 4 did, A lot of
 - 5 many, about
 - 6 some
 - 7 recipes, a lot of

Vocabulary

- 1 2 battery 3 envelope 4 magazine 5 notebook 6 shampoo
 - 7 plaster
 - 8 aspirin
 - 9 toothpaste 10 chocolate
 - 10 chocola 11 scissors
 - 12 pencil
- 2 χ Z R B A S P R 0 Н S (S 5 0 R S 1 Ν R Н R Y 0 Μ T 1 R ς E B M 0 N P X L ۷ P P A Ε E Μ M ZT L N N P E F W 0 C 0 Q K Х P 0 Ρ K T N

Everyday English

1 mean, understand, much

2 large, many, too, enough

Review

Grammar

- 13 -
 - 4 some 5 –
 - 6 a/some
 - 7 -
 - 8 an/some
- 2 2 is made from milk. 3 is full of vitamins.
 - 4 come from chickens.
 - 5 comes from Scotland.
- 3 2 How many
- 3 How much
- 4 How many
- 5 How many
- 6 How much
- 7 How many
- 4 3 likes cooking
 - 4 'd like to
 - 5 like 6 'd like

Stop and check Units 5-8

с

b

а

b

С

а

C

а

С

b

b

b

а

С

С

n

m

0 k

S

r

t

p

q

1 1 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	a c a b b c c c a b b c a a	16 17 18 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	e d f g	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20
3 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	fruit biscuit chocolate stamps sausages chicken shampoo traffic lights school garden	

14 June

15 some

- 4 1 Can, course
 - 2 May I/Could I/Can I, Could you
 - 3 Could I have, Could you
 - 4 this/next, first
 - 5 What did you, Did you
 - 6 time, See you
 - 7 good, many
 - 8 Do you, large, many, enough
 - 9 'd like, an

Unit 9 Life in the city

Grammar

- 1 taller hotter nicer more polite easier prettier more exciting more beautiful more important
- **2** 2 funnier
 - 3 friendlier
 - 4 better
 - 5 worse
- **3** 2 more interesting
 - 3 bigger
 - 4 hotter/warmer
 - 5 easier

4 Possible answers:

- Pete's flat is more modern than Anna's house.
- Pete lives nearer the town centre than Anna. Pete's flat is nearer the town centre than Anna's house
- Pete's car is older than Anna's car.
- Pete's flat is cheaper than Anna's house.
- Anna's car is more expensive than Pete's car.
- Anna's car is newer than Pete's car.
- Anna's house is bigger than Pete's flat.
- Anna's house is more expensive than Pete's flat.
- Anna lives further from the town centre than Pete.
- Anna's house is further from the town centre than Pete's flat.
- 5 3 We've got two children.
 - 4 Have you got a dictionary?
 - 5 My parents haven't got a lot of money.
 - 6 What colour hair has she got?
 - 7 I haven't got an English lesson today8 You're lucky. You've got a good job.
- 6 2 Does
 - 3 have
 - 4 Do
 - 5 has
 - 6 have
 - 7 do 8 Do
 - 0 00
- 7 2 Pete's taller than Anna
 - 3 Pete has got a bike, but Anna hasn't.4 Anna's got a daughter, but Pete hasn't got any children.
 - 5 Pete's got a flat. Anna's got a house.
 - 6 They've both got good jobs.
 - 7 Pete works longer hours than Anna.
 - 8 Anna's got a more interesting job than Pete.

- 8 3 younger, the youngest
 - 4 happier, the happiest
 - 5 more beautiful, the most beautiful

5 down

8 round

2 church

3 car park

6 bridge

7 wood

8 lake

9 farm

REVIEW

Grammar

Everyday English

1 1 swimming pool

5 railway station

2 You are at the swimming pool.

Turn right. It's on the right.

1 the cheapest - the most expensive

safer - more dangerous

the dirtiest - the cleanest

the best - the worst

your class?

the bend!

Vocabulary

4

5

6

7

8

1 2 at

3 in

4 at

6 at

7 at

8 on

9 At

4 kitchen

5 worse

2 1 bank

2 church

6 fastest

7 many

9 small

8 disgusting

10 traffic lights

3 does

5 in front of

more modern - older

the most difficult - the easiest

more boring - more interesting

Sally is older than Cathy.

'Are we nearly there yet?'

'I haven't got any.'

2 2 Jenny is the prettiest girl in the class.

3 Who is the most intelligent student in

Liam's got a really expensive new car.

'How many children do you have?'

'Don't worry. The hotel's just round

'Do they have a big house?"Yes, it's huge!'

Answer key

91

quieter - louder/more noisy

faster - slower

Go out of the swimming pool. Turn right.

Go straight on past the park and turn left.

Go past the school and under the bridge.

Drive along until you get to the traffic lights.

6 over

7 past

4 park

3

- 6 bigger, the biggest
- 7 busier, the busiest
- 8 more intelligent, the most intelligent
- 9 worse, the worst
- 10 further, the furthest
- 11 newer, the newest
- 12 more dangerous, the most dangerous
- 9 2 My sister is younger than me.
 - 3 Who is the oldest in the class?4 Concorde was the fastest passenger plane in the world.
 - 5 Your book is more interesting than my book. / My book is more interesting than your book.
 - 6 Peter bought the most expensive TV in the shop.
 - 7 Did you buy the cheapest watch in the shop?
 - 8 English spelling/German spelling is much more difficult than German spelling / English spelling.
 - 9 The weather today is much better than yesterday.
- 10 2 the highest (Everest)
 - 3 the biggest (Sydney)
 - 4 the most popular (football)
 - 5 the smallest (Vatican City)
 - 6 the oldest (Bologna)
- 11 2 largest
 - 3 richest
 - 4 smallest
 - 5 most luxurious
 - 6 best
 - 7 lowest
 - 8 nicest
 - 9 most beautiful
 - 10 most spectacular
 - 11 tiniest
- 12 2 Who
 - 3 How many
 - 4 What 5 How mucl
 - 5 How much 6 Why
 - -
- 13 1 have got 2 has got
 - 3 hasn't got
 - 4 haven't got

Vocabulary

- 1 2 railway station
 - 3 traffic lights
 - 4 supermarket
 - 5 car park
 - 6 travel agent7 post office
 - 8 airport
- 2 1 supermarket
 - 2 railway station
 - 3 airports

3 through

3 2 along

4 up

4 town centre 5 travel agent

Unit 10 What are you up to?

U	11	it to what are yo	u
G	ra	mmar	
1	2 3 4 5 6	playing watching 's writing 's eating 're drinking	
2	2 3 4 5 6	What's he writing What's she eating	
3	2 3 4 5 6	He isn't playing I'm not watching He isn't writing She isn't eating They aren't drinking	
4	2 3 4 5 6 7	e a more a server f g d b	
5	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	doing	
	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	'm reading read have 'm having isn't eating don't eat gets 's getting 's raining rains do you think are you thinking	
1 1 1	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 13 14	She's a teacher she does No, she isn't She's playing She's an architect she does she's designing He's a postman he does he isn't He's cooking	
8	2 3 4 5	l think I'm working I don't understand she's having	
9	3 4 5	are, 'm does 'm, do doesn't, is/'s don't are, 're is/'s 'c/is	

8 is/'s, 's	/is

up to?	7 Driving 8 cooking	
	3 Who's 4 Who's 5 Whose 6 Whose 7 Who's 8 Whose	
	12 2 yours 3 his 4 hers 5 ours 6 theirs	
	13 a Tokyo 21.00 b LA 05.00	
	 14 Darren: lives works drives is getting are leaving 's raining 's driving finishes has takes Carrie: has takes Carrie: has wants 's vorking 's serving are just starting 's serving 's also trying 's also trying wants doesn't like Keiko: teaches works 's reading 's reading 's listening 	
	 26 's waiting 1 does, do 2 is, getting 3 does, live 4 does, finish 5 Does, live 6 's, doing 7 Does, like 8 Where does 9 Does, work 10 What's, doing now 	
	1 Gareth: 1 suit 2 shirt	

2 shirt

3 shoes 4 socks

5 curly

2 Val: 1 coat 2 boots 3 hat 4 scarf 5 short		
3 Susie: 1 legging 2 black 3 jumper 4 fair 5 tall	r	
4 Richard: 1 jeans 2 white 3 T-shirt 4 trainer: 5 beard	5	
Everyday I	Inglish	
1 2 e 3 g 4 a 5 c 6 l 7 h	9 10 11	f i d k j
	p10, q3, r1 2, w6 x9	1, s8, t4,
REVIEW		
Grammar		
4 never 5 at the r 6 someti 7 every d	ter	
2 2 Playing 3 Studyir 4 Going 1	tennis is fun. ng for your exams to different countr ng English is usefu	is important. ies is interesting
3 Subject	Possessive adjective	Possessive pronoun
l you he she we they	my your his her our their	mine yours his hers ours theirs
4 2 on 3 on 4 at	I	

5 at 6 in 7 at 8 in 9 at 10 on 11 in 12 at

Vocabulary

shorts, a top

Clothes: trousers, socks, coat, jacket, boots,

short, green eyes, long hair

Appearance: fair, tall, curly hair, young, beard,

Unit 11 Going for it!

Grammar

1 2 He's going to be a chef.

- 3 She's going to be an accountant.
- 4 They're going to be athletes.
- 5 They're going to be in a band.
- 2 2 What are you going to cook?
 - 3 What are you going to see?
 - 4 Where are they going to stay?
 - 5 What's he going to study next year?
 - 6 What make are they going to buy?
- 3 2 I'm not going to cook meat. I'm going to cook fish.
 - 3 I'm going to watch a spy film. I'm not going to watch a comedy.
 - 4 They're going to go to Spain. They're not going to go to Greece.
 - 5 He's going to study maths. He's not going to study history.
 - 6 They're not going to buy a Volkswagen. They're going to buy a Toyota.
- 4 2 How's she going to travel? She's going to travel by plane and ferry.
 - 3 Where's she going to stay? She's going to stay in a tent.
 - 4 How long's she going to stay? She's going to stay for two weeks. 5 What's she going to do?
 - She's going to relax, swim, and read.
- 5 2 are you going
 - 3 are you going
 - 4 staying / going to stay
 - 5 are you staying
 - 6 are you going
 - 7 's going to, 'm going to drink
 - 8 're both going
- 6 2 aren't going
 - 3 aren't going to stay
 - 4 isn't going
 - 5 isn't going 6 isn't going to
- 7 2 is / are going to win

_	ier alle genig te min
3	's going to be a difficult wee

3	's going to be a difficult week
4	's going to be a lovely day
5	're going to miss

- 6 's going to happen
- 7 's going to have a baby
- 8 2 to make an appointment
 - 3 to study English
 - 4 to buy some bread and milk
 - 5 to open the door 6 to learn how to drive
- 9 2 to download his boarding pass
 - 3 to feed the cat
 - 4 to collect money/Swiss francs for his trip 5 to take him to the airport

 - 6 to get his passport and his laptop 7 to check the time of the meeting
- **10** 2 'regoing to start
 - 3 going to spend
 - 4 going to order 5 're going to take
 - 6 'm going to buy
 - 7 're going to have
 - 8 'm going to look

- 9 're going to drive
- 10 're going to have
- 11 're going to visit
- 12 'm going to practise 13 're going to go
- 14 're going to need

Vocabulary

1 2 rainy

- 3 windy 4 sunny
- 5 cloudy
- 6 snowy
- 7 foggy 8 icy
- 2 2 cold 3 warm
 - 4 dry
 - 5 wet
 - 6 cool 7 taxi
- 3 2 like, 's cold and wet 3 was, was cloudy and cool
- 4 going, hot and sunny

Everyday English

- 1 go into town go shopping have lunch in the old part of town go to the beach go swimming
- 2 B don't we go
 - B 'd like
 - A Let's do
 - B could go
 - B don't we catch
 - B 'd like to look
 - A we can go B Let's go

REVIEW

Grammar

1	2	than				
	3	from				
	4	in				
	5	for				
	6	at, of				
	7	into				
	8	of				
	9	with				
	10	with				
2	2	b		7	b	
	3	а		8	b	
	4	b		9	b	
	5	b		10	b	
	6	b				

Vocabulary

- 1 Weather: cloudy, icy, windy, stormy, rainy Things you do on holiday: sightseeing, eating in restaurants, sunbathing, evening cruise, swimming in the sea Transport: taxi, Eurostar, bus, plane
- 2 2 rainy
 - 3 Eurostar
 - 4 sightseeing, eating in restaurants

www.pardistalk.ir/library

- 5 foggy
- 6 evening cruise

Unit 12 Have you ever ...?

Grammar

- 1 2 didn't return
 - 3 has lived
 - 4 really enjoyed 5 thought
 - 6 met
 - 7 have owned
 - 8 bought
- 9 decided 10 bought
- 11 opened

13 has won

12 has bought

14 haven't had

15 has been

2 never went

5 have never regretted

7 has always enjoyed

3 3 Have you ever seen a play in a West End

4 Have you ever had toad in the hole?

6 Have you ever visited Notre Dame

5 2 met him in a restaurant two years ago

5 had a pizza before I came to class

6 booked it online last night

7 lived there when I was 20

10 wrote them three weeks ago

8 did it after I got home 9 ran it last month

7 2 Have you got dressed yet?

3 Have you brushed your teeth yet?

6 Have you packed your school bag yet?

4 Have you made your bed yet?

5 Have you had a shower yet?

8 2 He hasn't brushed his teeth yet.

3 He hasn't had breakfast yet.

4 He hasn't had a shower yet. 5 He hasn't packed his school bag yet.

gone out I'm afraid.

9 2 Because I've only just finished work.

3 No, I've only just started reading it.

4 I'm afraid she's just gone out. /She's just

Answer key

93

5 Have you ever been to Paris?

7 Have you ever lived in Europe?

3 have lived

6 has bought

theatre?

Cathedral?

4 She's never had

6 She's never visited

3 read them all last year

4 went there in 2004

4 3 She's seen

5 She's heen

7 She's lived

6 2 told

3 known

4 heard

5 drawn

6 put

8 built

7 lost

16 told

4 got

2 1 planned

5 No. Come and sit down! We've just started.

6 Thanks. I've just had it cut.

10 2 been

3	gone	
J	yone	

- 4 gone
- 5 been
- 6 been
- 7 gone
- 11 2 wanted
 - 3 started
 - 4 has now cycled
 - 5 's visited
 - 6 's written
 - 7 's also had
 - 8 has been
 - 9 came out
 - 10 wrote
 - 11 rode 12 wrote
 - 13 spent
 - 14 had
 - 15 has been
 - 16 was
 - 17 managed
 - 18 finished
 - 19 has had
 - 20 spent

Vocabulary

1	2	better
	3	married

3	marne
4	bored
5	wet

2	WEL
6	ready

2 2 get

- 3 gets
- 4 get
- 5 get
- 3 2 receive

3 find 4 fetch

5 catch

4 2 taxi

3 off 4 test

5 photo

6 time

7 easy

Everyday English

2	h	
3	a	

3	g		7	f	
4	а		8	е	
5	d	Street and the second			

6 c

REVIEW

Grammar

Grammar		
Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
be travel have live see make meet take buy	was/were travelled had lived saw made met took bought	been travelled had lived seen made met taken bought
do	did	done
go	went	been
2 1 a 2 b 3 b 4 b 5 a	7 8	a b a b a
3 – 4 the 5 – 6 the 7 the		
8 – 9 the 10 – 11 the 12 the		
/ocabulary		
 look after turn on Take ther Come on 		
6 try on 7 look for 8 turn off 9 take off		
10 put, on	o els Units O	10
	eck Units 9–	
1 1 c 2 b 3 c	16 17 18	b c a

-		M
	2	g 7a
	3	e 8 f
	4	j 9 i
	5	b 10 h
3	1	clever
	2	through
	3	mountain
	4	statue
	5	university
	6	sister
	7	France
	8	dress
	9	shorts
	10	tall
	11	old
	12	car park
	13	icy
	14	dry
	15	have a shower
4	1	at, on
	2	round, down
	3	help, looking
	4	getting, Congratulations
	5	like
	6	for, 's going
	7	ever
	8	yet
	9	checking in
	10	return

6 c

2 1 d

1	1	С			16	b	
	2	b			17	С	
	3	C			18	а	
	4	а			19	а	
	5	С			20	С	
	б	С			21	а	
	7	С			22	b	
	8	а			23	b	
	9	С			24	с	
	10	b			25	а	
	11	b			26	а	
	12	а			27	с	
	13	С			28	С	
	14	С			29	b	
	15	b			30	С	

Irregular verbs

Base form	Past Simple	Past participle	Base form	Past Simple Pa	ast participle
be	was/were	been	hurt	hurt	hurt
become	became	become	know	knew	known
begin	began	begun	learn	learned/learnt	learned/learnt
bite	bit	bitten	leave	left	left
break	broke	broken	lie	lay	lain
bring	brought	brought	lose	lost	lost
buy	bought	bought	make	made	made
can	could	been able	meet	met	met
catch	caught	caught	pay	paid	paid
choose	chose	chosen	put	put	put
come	came	come	read /ri:d/	read /red/	read /red/
cost	cost	cost	ride	rode	ridden
cut	cut	cut	ring	rang	rung
do	did	done	run	ran	run
drink	drank	drunk	say	said	said
drive	drove	driven	see	saw	seen
eat	ate	eaten	sell	sold	sold
fall	fell	fallen	send	sent	sent
feed	fed	fed	shut	shut	shut
feel	felt	felt	sing	sang	sung
fight	fought	fought	sit	sat	sat
find	found	found	sleep	slept	slept
fly	flew	flown	speak	spoke	spoken
forget	forgot	forgotten	spend	spent	spent
forgive	forgave	forgiven	steal	stole	stolen
get	got	got	swim	swam	swum
give	gave	given	take	took	taken
go	went	been/gone	teach	taught	taught
grow	grew	grown	tell	told	told
have	had	had	think	thought	thought
hear	heard	heard	understand	understood	understood
hide	hid	hidden	wear	wore	worn
hit	hit	hit	win	won	won
hold	held	held	write	wrote	written

Phonetic symbols

/

Con	sona	nts					Servery Ar	and U.S. an	na con	0001100	perpendido Atua Maria Ma
1	/p/	as in	pen /pen/	9	/s/	as in	son /sʌn/	17	/w/	as in	want /wont/
2	/b/	as in	big /bɪg/	10	/z/	as in	zoo /zu:/	18	/0/	as in	thanks /0æŋks/
3	/t/	as in	tea /ti:/	11	/1/	as in	live /lɪv/	19	/ð/	as in	the /ðə/
4	/d/	as in	do /du:/	12	/m/	as in	my /mai/	20	151	as in	she /∫i:/
5	/k/	as in	cat /kæt/	13	/n/	as in	near /nɪə/	21	/3/	as in	television /'teləvı3n/
6	/g/	as in	go /gəʊ/	14	/h /	as in	happy /'hæpi/	22	/t∫/	as in	child /t∫aıld/
7	/f/	as in	four /fo:/	15	/r/	as in	red /red/	23	/dʒ/	as in	German /'dʒɜ:mən/
8	/v/	as in	very /'veri/	16	/j/	as in	yes/jes/	24	/ŋ/	as in	English /'ıŋglı∫/
Vow	rels						answed block	Dip	hthor	ngs (tw	vo vowels together)
Vow	rels						(insid) Monuchi	Dip	hthor	ngs (tw	vo vowels together)
Vov 25	/els /i:/	as in	see /si:/	32	/ɔ:/	as in	morning /ˈmɔ:nɪŋ/	Dip 38	hthor /eɪ/	n gs (tw	vo vowels together) name /neɪm/
		as in as in	see /si:/ his /hız/	32 33	/ɔ:/ /ʋ/	as in as in	morning /ˈmɔ:nɪŋ/ football /ˈfutbɔ:l/				
25 26	/i:/ /ɪ/	as in	his /h1z/	33	/0/	as in	football /'futba:l/	38	/eɪ/	as in	name /neim/
25 26 27	/i:/ /ɪ/ /i/	as in as in	his /hɪz/ twenty /'twenti/	33 34	/o/ /u:/	as in as in	football /ˈfutbə:l/ you /ju:/	38 39	/eɪ/ /əʊ/	as in as in	name /neɪm/ no /nəʊ/
25 26 27 28	/i:/ /ɪ/ /i/ /e/	as in as in as in	his /hɪz/ twenty /'twenti/ ten /ten/	33 34 35	/0/ /u:/ /ʌ/	as in as in as in	football /ˈfʊtbɔːl/ you /juː/ sun /sʌn/	38 39 40	/eɪ/ /əʊ/ /aɪ /	as in as in as in	name /neɪm/ no /nəʊ/ my /maɪ/
25 26 27 28 29	/i:/ /ɪ/ /i/ /e/ /æ/	as in as in as in as in	his /hız/ twenty /'twenti/ ten /ten/ stamp /stæmp/	33 34 35 36	/0/ /u:/ /ʌ/ /3:/	as in as in as in as in	football /'fotbo:l/ you /ju:/ sun /sʌn/ learn /lɜ:n/	38 39 40 41	/eɪ/ /əʊ/ /aɪ / /aʊ/	as in as in as in as in	name /neIm/ no /nəʊ/ my /maɪ/ how /haʊ/
25 26 27 28	/i:/ /ɪ/ /i/ /e/	as in as in as in	his /hɪz/ twenty /'twenti/ ten /ten/	33 34 35	/0/ /u:/ /ʌ/	as in as in as in	football /ˈfʊtbɔːl/ you /juː/ sun /sʌn/	38 39 40 41 42	/eɪ/ /əʊ/ /aɪ / /aʊ/ /ɔɪ/	as in as in as in as in as in	name /neIm/ no /nəʊ/ my /maɪ/ how /haʊ/ boy /bɔɪ/

Answe

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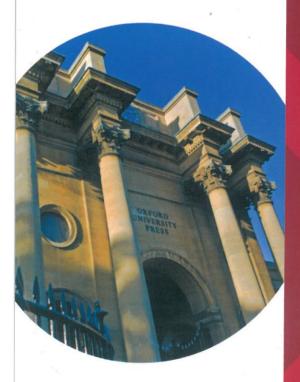
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